THE WEATHER.

Rain Thursday, warmer in central portion, Friday rain or snow and colder, increasing northeast and north winds shifting to northeast by Thursday night.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A. D. 1867

THE BOOSTERS' CLUB.

Say a good word for Wilmington. Don't knock—you can't saw wood with a hammer.—Register.

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Library of Congress

AFFAIRS IN STATE FROM THE CAPITAL

Number of New Enterprises With Beginning of New Year.

THE OIL INSPECTION ACT

Independent Dealer Says It Brings Higher Prices—Exchange of Courts—Judge Connor on Prohibition Law.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 5.—The Secretary of State charters the Pineville Loan and Savings Bank, of Pineville, Mecklenburg county, capital $25,000 authorized and $12,000 subscribed; also the Consumer's Market Co., Wilson, capital $2,500 for co-operative meat and produce business.

United States Judge Connor heard last evening in chambers argument in the case of Maxwell vs. Mills-Campbell Lumber Co., Newbern, in which the plaintiff, a large stockholder of Ohio, seeks to restrain the Newbern Company from issuing $135,000 preferred stock on the ground that it is what is termed a "decoy" scheme with a subsidiary company detrimental to the interests of the stockholders in the principal corporation. The plaintiff is represented by ex-Governor Aycock, ex-Judge R. W. Winston and W. W. Clark; the lumber company by Larry Moore and two other lawyers.

The Delta Cotton Mills (Inc.) received a charter today, to operate mills at Gastonia, capital $200,000 authorized and $25,000 subscribed by W. W. Glenn, W. H. Adams and others. Another textile corporation is the Runnymede Sales Co., Tarboro, capital $25,000 by Job Cobb, George Howard, Stamps Howard and others, for selling textile fabrics on commission.

Governor Kitchin has returned from a week's stay at Scotland Neck and devoted himself today to clearing up an accumulation of executive business. He received a call today from ex-Judge W. S. O'B. Robinson, of Goldsboro, who is still working patiently for a pardon for Thomas W. Dewey, the defaulting bank cashier, serving six years.

An exchange of courts is authorized by Governor Kitchin by which Judge O H. Allen will hold Lenoir court one week beginning January 10th and Pender county court one week beginning January 17th, and Judge Cooke will hold Wake county court two weeks, beginning January 10th.

Judge Connor says he has received communications from a number of people indicating that they wanted him and his court to lend a hand in the enforcement of the State prohibition law. He said in charging the jury yesterday that he wants it understood that the Federal court has nothing whatever to do with the enforcement of the State prohibition law. Speaking of law enforcement, Judge Connor commented on the fact that the records at the Atlanta Federal prison show that North Carolina has more convicts serving terms there than any other Southern State, and he did not know whether this should be boasted of as evidence of better law enforcement, or be placed to the discredit of the State as an evidence of greater lawlessness.

The Federal anti-trust act was read to the grand jury by Judge Connor with the comment that the court was powerless to proceed against any violators of this law without the aid of the grand jury; in fact, that the grand jury must bring in indictments before the court could take any step whatever. He assured the grand jury that the court stands ready to back up any action taken by the jury.

A prominent representative of the independent oil companies, discussing the North Carolina illuminating oil situation last night at the Yarborough, said that the North Carolina illuminating oil inspection act is having the effect of forcing the consumer in this State to pay a half cent and more per gallon for their oil that consumers pay in other States, notably Virginia. The prevailing bulk price of oil in this State, in fact, is 10 1-2 cents and in Virginia the average is something like eight cents, with cuts now on in Richmond and Norfolk, especially, that trim the price down to six cents per gallon. The average North Carolina retail price is 15 cents, while in Virginia the price retail is nowhere over 12 1-2 cents. This oil man said that probably the Virginia oil would not stand the 100 proof flash Elliott cup test, but that its illuminating power is even greater than the North Carolina oil and there are no accidents from explosions reported from any quarter. The contention of the oil people is that the North Carolina test requirements are such as sacrifice unnecessarily illuminating power to flash proof tests and saddle a great burden of taxation on the consumers unnecessarily.

He says the independent oil people are marshaling their forces for a determined fight before the next Legislature to either greatly modify the regulations established or wipe out the law entirely as an unnecessary burden upon the people. This oil man predicts that the annual revenue from this tax will be $30,000 to $40,000 and that something more than general increases in the salaries of department

(Continued on Page Eight.)

JAMES FARNUM PLEAD GUILTY

Conspired to Defraud the State of South Carolina—Outcome of Dispensary Cases—Fined $5,0000—Re-indicted.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 5.—James S. Farnum, agent in this State for a number of brewery and liquor firms, who did business with the State dispensary, today pleaded guilty to a charge of conspiracy to defraud the State and paid a fine of $5,000. The sudden ending of the case came without any previous intimation.

Attorney General Lyon appeared in the Richland county court of General Sessions today and presented a new indictment against Farnum, charging him with conspiracy with Jos. B. Wylie, former member of the State dispensary board, to defraud the State. After examining Wylie as a witness the grand jury returned a true bill.

Farnum, accompanied by his attorneys, appeared in court and presented a plea of guilty, which was accepted by Judge Prince, who, in imposing sentence, gave him the choice of a fine of $5,000 or one year on the chain gang.

The attorney general will, in view of Farnum's plea, nol pros the other five cases against Farnum, two for bribery of State dispensary officials and three for conspiracy, all based on the same testimony. At the last term of court Farnum was acquitted of a charge of conspiracy based on practically the same set of facts.

He was soon afterwards re-indicted in Chester county. The cases brought by the Chester county grand jury are included in the Attorney General's decision to nol pros.

In passing sentence Judge Prince took occasion to say that he did not consider Farnum's offenses as great as those of the dispensary directors accused of fraud in purchasing liquor, as Farnum was only a private citizen while the dispensary directors were sworn officials of the State. Therefore, said Judge Prince, "I am going to be lenient, but not so lenient as your counsel would like me to be."

He then announced that the sentence was a fine of $5,000 or one year imprisonment. When counsel for Farnum announced that his client would pay the fine, the judge amended the sentence omitting reference to imprisonment.

In explanation of his action in receiving Farnum's plea of guilty and dropping the other cases against the defendant, Attorney General Lyon said that in view of the jury's failure to convict in the former trial, he thought it best to have Farnum punished by a fine in order to vindicate, in some degree at least, the power of the law in South Carolina.

THE MILLS ROAD.

President Says Will be Built Into Bladen at Once.

(Special Star Teelgram.)

Fayetteville, N. C., Jan. 5.—President Mills is in Fayetteville today and substantially makes the statement that the Raleigh and Southport Railway will be built to Elizabethtown, Bladen county, and beyond. Important contracts have been closed today which justify the absolute statement that the Raleigh and Southport Railway Company will have passenger and freight trains running into Elizabethtown township, Bladen county, within 14 months over standard gauge road with, at the lowest, 56lb rails. This is without the aid of bond issue or any help from the people outside of the right of way. The road will not terminate at Elizabethtown, says Mr. Mills, but will be a through line. It will not be a tram-road, but a rail road. The line will be located within 20 days, he says. Contracts are now being let for securing cross ties. It has never been the policy of the Raleigh and Southport to seek aid from the people. It built from Raleigh to Fayetteville without a bond issue; it will build into Bladen on the same basis whether or not any other road does so. All financial arrangements, he states, have been made. The road will run through Bethel and Hollow townships. This is of interest because heretofore it has been thought that neither Mills nor Armfield would enter Bladen without a bond issue, further because Mr. Mills emphatically states that his road would be a through line and not terminate at Elizabethtown.

FORMER TREASURER ON TRIAL.

Charged With Conspiracy to Defraud the Government.

Washington, Jan. 5.—James N. Huston, former treasurer of the United States, who with Samuel Graham, of Montreal, and Harvey M. Lewis and Everett Dufour, of this city, was indicted here last Monday by the Federal grand jury charged with conspiracy and with using the mails for fraudulent purposes, was given a preliminary hearing in the criminal court here late this afternoon, having been arrested in Richmond by postal inspectors and brought here. He was released after $3,500 had been furnished for his appearance at a later date to answer the indictment.

TAFT TO OPEN EXPOSITION

Appalachian Exposition to be Held in Knoxville Next September.

Washington, Jan. 5.—A delegation of prominent Tennesseeans today invited President Taft to open and attend the Appalachian Exposition to be held in Knoxville next September. The President promised to open the exposition by telegraph and to attend if possible. The fair is designed to exploit the natural resources of the Appalachian region.

PANAMA ZONE BILL PASSED IN HOUSE

Democrats Offered Many Amendments and Fought Measure to Finish.

WILL MAKES TAFT THE RULER

Vote Was Strictly Along Party Lines. Representative Mann Author of the Bill—Required Lengthy Session of House.

Washington, Jan. 5.—With the Democrats fighting every inch of the way, the Mann bill providing for the administration of the Panama Canal Zone and centralizing the government thereof in the President of the United States passed the House today by a vote of 119 to 102. The vote was along strict party lines.

The minority kept the House in session until 6 o'clock this evening by offering amendment after amendment and by demanding tellers on each vote. A futile effort was made by Representative Richardson, of Alabama, to have the measure re-committed to the committee on interstate and foreign commerce, an aye and nay vote resulting 104 ayes and 136 nays.

Section two of the bill, which confers on the President military, civil and judicial powers, including the power to make laws, was the object of spirited attack, Representative Keifer, of Ohio, joining the Democrats in the fight.

The attitude of the majority and minority on this section may be best described by a question propounded to Representative Townsend, of Michigan, by Representative Garrell, of Tennessee, and by Mr. Townsend's reply.

"Do you believe that Congress has any power under the constitution to confer legislative power on the President?" asked Mr. Garrell.

"Ordinarily, no", replied Mr. Townsend. "In this instance, yes. We are in Panama digging a canal and it is necessary for the President to have the power to make provision and arrangements for the government zone while that work is in progress."

Representative Mann, author of the bill, claimed that precedent for delegation of such power in the executive was found in similar action by Democratic Congresses at the time of the Louisiana purchase and again when Florida was ceded to the United States by Spain. Defending his party, Representative Harrison, of New York, said that disturbed internal conditions made such action necessary, but that despotic government in those territories was continued no longer than was necessary to establish loyal government. Speeches were made by Representative Underwood, of Alabama; Hardwick, of Georgia, and others in opposition to this section. A motion of Mr. Hardwick to strike out the section entirely was lost by the close vote of 85 to 90.

The bill, as it goes to the Senate, authorizes the President to have completed the Panama canal and to appoint a director general of the canal and the canal zone, thus doing away with the canal commission. It invests the judicial power of the zone in one circuit court and such inferior courts as the President may constitute and allows appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States in civil cases involving $5,000 and in criminal cases punishable by death or life imprisonment. Trial by jury is granted in all criminal prosecutions for felony.

Since the expiration of the 58th Congress, there has been no act in terms authorizing the government of the canal zone, but President Roosevelt continued in existence the civil government on the zone after the act of April 28, 1904, became effective automatically.

NEGRO PHYSICIAN THREATENED.

"Black Hand" Letter Disturbs an Asheville Colored Man.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Asheville, N. C., Jan. 5.—Threatened in an anonymous letter with death if he did not move from College street, where he has resided for eight years, Dr. J. W. Walker, one of Asheville's two negro physicians, respected by both white and black, has practically decided to move to Charlotte. One notice read, "Death if you don't move; Damn you move". The letter also contained drawing of a pistol bullet, skull and cross-bones and "Black Hand". It also contained a match. Efforts to locate the perpetrator of the threat failed. The incident has aroused the negroes somewhat. White people have volunteered to aid in running down the guilty one. Walker has forsaken his automobile.

JOHNSON-JEFFRIES FIGHT

Governor Spry Opposed to Staging the Fight at Salt Lake City.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Jan. 5.—"It is not possible for that fight to take place here and come within the law. I will uphold the law if it becomes necessary."

With these words Governor William Spry tonight swept aside all doubt as to his attitude toward the Jeffries-Johnson championship contest and he is opposed to the plan to stage the fight here.

INCREASED COST OF LIVING

Probably Result in Congressional Investigation — Resolutions Introduced by Two Senators—Wilson Makes Statement.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Three highly important developments today marked the inquiries started with a view to ascertain the responsibility for the increased cost of living.

Senators Elkins, of West Virginia, and Crawford, of South Dakota introduced resolutions providing for a Congressional investigation. The War Department announced to Congress that there was a deficiency of $1,595,635 for the subsistence of the army during the present year, mainly because of the enhanced cost of food, and Secretary Wilson declared he would cease the investigation begun by him if Congress interferred.

Senator Elkins' resolution calls for an "exhaustive investigation" into the matter by a committee of five senators, while Senator Crawford calls upon the Secretary of Commerce and Labor for figures showing the increases in wholesale and retail prices during the last decade and the causes for such increases.

The army's plight was set forth in an appeal to Congress to provide more funds to feed and clothe and maintain the force, which is greater than was estimated for in the appropriation bill. The petition was accompanied by a list prepared by the commissary general, showing increases in many staples in 1909 over the costs of 1908.

All this activity has resulted in winning recruits to the proposed National anti-trust league, which expects to compel reductions in the price of staples, when they rise above certain levels, through the employment of a concerted and legal boycott of such staples. The promoters here are receiving a flood of letters from all over the United States, pledging support.

CONGRESSMAN GRIGGS DEAD.

Expired Suddenly From Apoplexy.—Sorrow in Washington.

Dawson, Ga., Jan. 5.—Representative James M. Griggs, of the second Georgia district, died suddenly at his home here late this afternoon of apoplexy.

Death came at 4:10 o'clock. He was in bed at the time, apparently convalescing from a supposed slight attack of heart trouble. Congressman Griggs left Washington December 17th, to come home for the Christmas holidays.

Yesterday he and Mrs. Griggs returned to their home here from a visit to the latter's parents in Randolph county. He complained of feeling unwell and went to bed immediately upthe advice of his physician. His sudden death was a great surprise as he was reported this afternoon as resting well and it was announced that he was preparing to return to Washington His funeral probably will be conducted from his home Friday.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 5.—Sorrow was expressed by all of his colleagues in the House of Representatives when they learned tonight of the sudden death of Representative Griggs, of Georgia, at his home in that State.

Representative Clark, of Missouri, Democratic of the House voiced his deep sorrow and declared that Mr. Griggs was a brilliant member who would be missed and mourned by all who knew him. Representative Bartlett, eulogized his dead colleague as a "man of big heart and honest purpose, one whose loss to his district, as well as to the National body, would be severely felt."

Re-elected to the session of Congress which met only a month ago, Mr. Griggs had served as a member of six previous sessions of the National legislative body. As a member of the ways and mean committee and of the conference committee, Mr. Griggs was especially active during the special session of Congress which last year passed the new tariff bill. Having been popular on both sides of the House, it was declared tonight that the death of the Georgian will be felt by a majority of the members of the House as a personal loss.

OUTLINES.

A resolution ordering the investigation of the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy was introduced in Congress yesterday and a sweeping public inquiry will be made——The Panama zone canal bill was passed by Congress after it had been stubbornly fought to a finish by the Democrats; the measure centralizes the government in the President of the United States——James Farnum, charged with conspiracy to defraud the State of South Carolina while acting as agent for the dispensary, pleaded guilty yesterday at Columbia and was fined $5,000; he was re-indicted in Chester county——Resolutions were introduced in Congress yesterday for a Congressional investigation of the increased cost of living——It is the belief in Washington that President Taft is withholding certain Congressional patronage from the "insurgents" who are against the measures of the administration——Congressman Griggs died suddenly yesterday at his home at Dudley, Ga., from apoplexy——New York markets: Money on call strong 6 to 8 per cent., ruling rate 7, closing bid 5, offered at 6 per cent.; cotton spot closed quiet 10 points lower, middling uplands 15.80, middling gulf 16.05; flour unchanged and about steady; wheat spot easy, No. 2 red 1.30 elevator, domestic and 1.29 f. o. b. afloat nominal; corn spot firm, No. 2, 70 1-2 elevator, domestic, 71 delivered and 1.29 f. o. b. afloat nominal; oats spot strong, mixed 48; rosin steady, turpentine firm.

TAFT UNFRIENDLY WITH INSURGENTS

Strong Indication That President Withholds Congressional Patronage.

INTERVIEWS ON THE SUBJECT

Recalcitrants Claim That Chief Executive Aims at the Leaders Who Oppose His Measures—Situation in Washington.

Washington, Jan. 5.—While no formal statement was forthcoming at the White House today, there was no attempt in administration circles to deny that President Taft is withholding certain customary Congressional patronage from those "insurgent" Senators and representatives who, the adherents of the President say, show no disposition to support administration measures.

President Taft is reported as taking the attitude that if an obligation rests upon him to give certain patronage to a representative of his party, there is a reciprocal obligation upon the Representative to support the President.

A number of the so-called "insurgents" were out in interviews today saying that they heartily agreed with the President's legislative programme and asserting that instead of using the "whip" on them, the President should use it on those leaders who in the past had opposed the Roosevelt policies which Mr. Taft is seeking to enact into law.

On the part of the President it was said today that the withholding of patronage does not apply to all of the "insurgents", and has absolutely nothing to do with their fight against Speaker Cannon or the House rules.

Statement From Taft.

Victor Rosewater, Republican National Committeeman from Nebraska, one of the insurgent States, saw President Taft this afternoon and in an authorized interview said:

"The President said to me that he wanted me to help correct the reports that are being circulated to the effect that he is using the patronage club to whip so-called "insurgents" into line. The President says that there is a well-founded custom that has become almost a rule that in making certain appointments such as postmasters, the President should act on recommendation of the members of Congress in whose districts the appointments lie, if represented by a member of the same political party. This obligation resting on the President, however, is reciprocal, he feels. The Republican Congressman, he declared, is under a similar obligation to support administration measures recommended by the President to carry out platform pledges on which both were elected. The President says he has not turned down reccommendations of insurgent Congressmen, but is simply preserving the statute quo to impress them of their obligations."

With amazement in some cases bordering on anger, the insurgent Republican members of the House today read the published reports that they were to be singled out by the administration for punishment for their "rebellious conduct" as members of the majority party of the House.

Several of them were unsparing in their denunciation of a policy which sought to punish a man for freedom and independence of thought and action, as they expressed it. Not a few were loth to believe that President Taft would lend his aid to an effort to administer castigation to them for supporting the very principles and policies for which they claimed the party itself stood pledged.

Talks for Insurgents.

Representative Madison, of Kansas, expressed a view of the matter to which several of his associates subscribed. He said in part:

"We insurgents, as we are called, are not against Taft or his policies. We are unanimously, I believe, in favor of every leading reform to which the President and the Republican party is committed.

"It is slanderous to say that we can be swerved from the course of supporting these reforms by the withholding of any patronage by anybody, or be induced to support this or that proposition by the offering of official sop of any kind.

"It is not the insurgents of the House, but that like Aldrich and Cannon whom the President will have to induce to support his 'policies'."

Representative Hayes, of California, said today that he would call a meeting of the insurgents next week to ascertain from the President where they stood.

GREEK XMAS OBSERVED.

By Those Who Worship According to Their Calendar.

Greeks the world over will celebrate the feast of the nativity next Friday On the Greek calendar our Jan. 7 is Dec. 25, Christmas day.

Jan. 14, or a week from next Friday, the Greeks will celebrate their New Year's day, and on the following Wednesday, Jan. 19, will be celebrated Theophania, or the baptism of Christ. The next day, Thursday, Jan. 19, will be St. John's day.

HUGHES OPPOSES INCOME TAX

Recommends That Federal Amendment be Not Ratified by New York General Assembly. Race Track Policy.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 5.—Governor Hughes in his annual message to the Legislature today makes various recommendations on questions of widespread interest. In a supplementary message he dwells at length upon the proposed constitutional amendment conferring upon the Federal government the power to lay and collect an income tax "from whatever source derived" without apportionment among the States according to population, and in conclusion recommends that this amendment be not ratified. In this connection the Governor says:

"I am in favor of conferring upon the Federal government the power to lay and collect such a tax. I believe that this power should be held by the Federal government so as to properly equip it with the means of meeting National exigencies. But the power to tax incomes should not be granted in such terms as to subject to Federal taxation the incomes derived from bonds issued by the State itself or those issued by municipal governments organized under the State's authority. To place the borrowing capacity of the State and of its governmental agencies at the mercy of the Federal taxing power would be an impairment of the essential rights of the State which as its officers, we are bound to defend."

After reviewing the legal aspects of this question the Governor declares in conclusion:

"We cannot suppose that Congress will not seek to tax incomes derived from securities issued by the State and its municipalities. It has repeatedly endeavored to lay such taxes and its efforts have been defeated only by implied constitutional restriction which this amendment threatened to destroy. While we may desire that the Federal government may be equipped with all necessary National powers in order that it may perform its National function, we must be equally solicitous to secure the essential basis of State government.

"I therefore deem it my duty as Governor of the State to recommend that this proposed amendment should not be ratified."

In view of the efforts which the Governor in his regular message says have been made to evade the law prohibiting book-making at race tracks, he recommends an amendment penalizing the practice of book-making even though no bets are recorded.

Revelations as to the "white slave traffic" are referred to and the Governor recommends the enactment of whatever additional or more stringent provisions of law are necessary to make the statutes more efficacious.

Senator Grady made a sensational attack on Governor Hughes in the Senate today following the reading of the message. It was the Governor's proposal to penalize the practice of bookmaking that aroused the ire of the Senate minority leader to the point of attack. He declared that while the Governor attacked the horse owner, the book-maker and the man placing his bet upon horse race, he has "never dared to attack the most monstrous gambling institution there is in the world, the New York Stock Exchange, and to the end of his career, he will never have the courage to attack it."

THOUGHT COHEN A COUNT?

Heiress Who Eloped With Waiter—Search Continues.

New York, Jan. 5.—Did Roberta de Janon, the heiress to a $10,000,000 fortune, believe that her waiter admirer was a count incognito?

It is stated today on Mrs. Cohen's authority that Cohen represented himself to Miss DeJanon as "Baron Ferdinand de LaChapelle", and that a letter addressed to him under such a title in handwriting similar to Miss DeJanon's was found in one of his pockets at home. The search for the eloping couple is being continued.

Notwithstanding the elopement, both Ferdinand DeJanon, the girl's father, and Mrs. Cohan are willing to forgive and forget if daughter and husband, respectively, will return. These appeals, the first from the father, the second from the deserted wife, are printed here tonight.

Tompa, Fla., Jan. 6.—Acting upon instructions from the millionaire grandfather, detectives are watching all trains and boats here for the arrival of Roberta DeJanon, the $10,000,000 heiress of Robert Buist, and Ferdinand Cohen, the former Bellevue-Stratford waiter, who are supposed to be coming to Tampa. Cohen had a race horse here during the early days of the meeting named for Miss DeJanon, Roberta, but it was found tonight that the horse was shipped from here, presumably for Juarez, Mexico. The horse was entered to start here on Christmas day, but was scratched, and was shipped about December 24th. No persons answering to the description of the couple are to be found at any of the hotels, which were carefully canvassed by local detectives and special men sent here.

FOUR BURNED TO DEATH.

Two Women and Three Small Children Perish in the Flames.

Burnside, Ky., Jan. 5.—Mrs. Martha Cordon, her daughter, Mrs. James Kidd, and three small children were burned to death in a fire last night, which destroyed Kidd's house at Plavens, Wayne county.

CONGRESS FAVORS SWEEPING INQUIRY

Public Investigation of Ballinger-Pinchot Controversy Ordered.

THE SECRETARY DEFENDED

Congressman Defines the Cause For Such Action—Nelson Chairman of Committee—Authorized by President.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Investigation of the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy is ordered by a joint resolution today introduced in the Senate by Mr. Jones, and in the House by Mr. Humphrey, both of Washington. As heretofore announced the provision is for the broadest kind of public inquiry, the resolution being of the character requiring the signature of the President which gives to it all the force of general law.

A committee of 12 is to be appointed to conduct the investigation; six of whom shall be designated by Vice President Sherman and six by Speaker Cannon. Unquestionably Senator Nelson, chairman of the Senate Committee on Public Lands, will head the list of Senators, and this doubtless, will result in his selection as chairman of the joint committee. The scope of the investigation is outlined as follows:

"The committee is hereby empowered and directed to make a thorough and complete investigation of the administration and conduct of the Interior Department, its several bureaus, officers and employes, and of the Bureau of Forestry in the Agricultural Department, its officers and employes, touching or relating to the reclamation, conservation, management and disposal of the public lands of the United States, or any lands held in trust by the United States for any purpose, including all the natural resources of such lands, and said committee is authorized and empowered to make any further investigation touching said Department, its bureaus, officers or employes, and of said Bureau of Forestry, its officers or employes as it may deem desirable."

The authority to sit during sessions of Congress and in recesses, to require the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, usual to Congressional inquiries, is granted by the resolution. It is provided further that any person refusing to obey the process of the committee or to answer any question propounded shall be deemed guilty of contempt, and jurisdiction is conferred upon the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia to try and determine any such charges of contempt.

Employment of assistance, "legal or otherwise," is specifically authorized. This provision is for the purpose of enabling the committee to procure the services of able attorneys to take charge of the probing, so far as the directing of questions is concerned. It is the intention of President Taft to have the committee name some competent attorney to conduct the case, and it is possible that both of the principals to the controversy may be represented by counsel.

It was agreed by all persons who have given close attention to the Ballinger-Pinchot squabble that the investigation should be open to the public and this is ordered by the resolution. One of the big rooms in the new Senate office building will be used for this purpose.

Cause of Such Action.

In presenting the resolution Mr. Jones said:

"The various Departments and bureaus of the Government are organized to do its business in the interests of the people. Every official is but the servant and agent of the people to act for them under and within the limits of the law. The efficiency of public service depends much upon the confidence of the people in the honesty and integrity of their servants and agents.

"It is a sad commentary upon the state of public opinion that the moment a man accepts a public office he becomes a scoundrel in the eyes of many of our people and his previous life of honesty and rectitude is no warrant of official integrity. His acts are misconstrued and his motives questioned. Insinuations and innuendoes are freely made under the guise of the public welfare, but in reality to foster some private interest. Popular views are taken advantage of to discredit an official who, after investigating all phases of a subject, may reach a decision at variance with some private interest.

"Many do not stop to think how seldom have Government officials gone astray compared with their opportunities and temptations for wrong doing. In the 125 years of our national life few of the men in high positions have been actuated by other than the highest and most patriotic motives. This should cause our people to hesitate to accept charges of base conduct against their public servants without investigation and proof.

The press and magazines of the country for several months have been filled with charges against the present Secretary of the interior and his conduct of the office he holds. These

charges range from petty insinuations and innuendoes to direct charges of malfeasance and misconduct in office which is true, show that he has most unworthily discharged his trust. A moment's thought should cause an honest and fair-minded man to hestitate to accept such charges against a man whose life heretofore has been one of the highest rectitude and against whom no dishonorable charge has ever been made in either private or public life.

"Such a man is the present Secretary of the Interior. He is over 50 years of age, an honored graduate of Williams College and a lawyer of distinction. He came to our State in 1889 and has lived there ever since. He was a Superior Judge for four years and Mayor of the city of Seattle, Wash., and his administration of that office has been a model for his successors. He accepted the office of Commissioner of the General Land Office at the urgent solicitation of Secretary Garfield, who knew personally his sterling character and exceptional ability. He did not seek that office. He accepted his present position only upon the earnest solicitation of the President. He did not seek it. It meant nothing to him but hard work and poor pay. He gave up a large and lucrative law practice simply at the call of patriotic duty. Is it possible that he at once became the scoundrel and arch enemy of the people that he has been depicted in the public press? I cannot believe it. If he has used his high office to advance special interests, if he has sacrificed the people for private or personal gain let it be shown. If, on the other hand, the people have been deceived and he has been unjustly accused that should be shown not only that justice may be done him, but that the confidence of the public in the honesty and integrity of its public servants and the animus of the attacks disclosed may be restored and strengthened."

The Investigation Needed.

Speculation is rife as to the personnel of the committee to be named to make the investigation of the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy. Many names have been considered, but no decision has been reached.

"The country demands this investigation," said Mr. Humphrey in presenting the resolution in the House, "let us have light. As I have known Secretary Ballinger for many years, so I have known Mr. Gifford Pinchot for several years. I have been a friend of both and am today. I believe that in their public lives both have tried honestly to serve the public. I believe both have done their duty as they saw it. About them centers this agitation. The condition has become intolerable; if the facts demcharges then let us have an investigaguilty of any act deserving it, let them be promptly removed from the public life. If there is nothing in these charges then let us have an investigation that will make the truth so plain that it will forever close the polluted lips of slander."

Referring to the exoneration of Secretary Ballinger by the President of the charges which has been preferred against the Secretary, Mr. Humphrey said:

"The word of the President has no weight with those who seek to destroy Secretary Ballinger. It has become a well settled conviction throughout the country that these attacks are in reality attacks upon President Taft and the present administration."

In the House the resolution was referred to the Committee on Rules but in the Senate reference was postponed until tomorrow.

Another Investigation.

Resolutions looking to the investigation of the general land office and the forest service growing out of the differences between Secretary Ballinger and Forester Pinchot, were introduced today in both houses of Congress, and while neither was acted upon it is understood that they will be adopted by both houses within the next few days and that the inquiry will begin soon.

The house devoted the entire day to the discussion of Representative Mann's bill providing for a re-organization of the government of the Panama canal zone, and finally passed it. The bill places the entire administration in the hands of the President and abolishes the present canal commission.

VICTIMS ARE GRATEFUL.

Prominent Men Injured in Greensboro Wreck Send Checks.

Greensboro, Jan. 4.—The authorities of St. Leo's hospital, were as much surprised as delighted and gratified to receive two splendid New Year's gifts Saturday in the form of two checks for $250 each from Mr. George J. Gould and Mr. Clarence H. Mackay, of New York. Both of these gentlemen enclosed their checks in personal expression of their great appreciation of the work done by the hospital for relief of their friends who were injured in the Reedy Fork wreck last month. Mr. Mackay was not in the wreck, getting left in Danville, but followed in an automobile and rendered assistance at the scene. He is president of the Postal Telegraph Company, and a big hearted, big man. Mr. Gould, who owns or controls thousands of miles of railroads and street car lines, was in the wreck, accompanied by one of his sons, and his secretary. The latter was seriously injured and remained a week at the hospital. Mr. Gould and Mr. Mackay were visiting him there every day from their hunting lodges a few miles out of town. Their generous remembrance of the service of the hospital is greatly appreciated by all.

STRUGGLE IN ENGLAND.

Two Phases of the Political Situation Claim Attention.

London, Jan. 5.—Two phases of the election struggle now claim attention, first, the disorderly interruptions to which many conservative meetings and almost all of those addressed by peers are subjected so that it is practically impossible for any unionist peer to secure a fair hearing, and second, the realization by the peers themselves and the unionist press of the necessity of the House of Lords advocating its own reform, as the only means of meeting the storm of protest the peers action in connection with the budget aroused in the country.

ENUMERATORS SCARCE

Public-Spirited People Asked to Apply at Once.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 4.—Census Director Durand stated today that, as a result of his conferences with the supervisors of census throughout the country he finds that in many sections, especially in the larger cities, there have not been as yet sufficient applications for the positions of enumerators. It looks, he thinks, as if the country is so prosperous that people are not as anxious to get these responsible places as had been expected.

The scarcity is giving the Director some concern, as only a few weeks remain before the date for closing the consideration of applications. It will be impossible generally to extend the application time limit, as to examine the "test" papers, with the necessary care to insure the disignation of qualified persons, will consume every moment of the time allowed for this phase of the work of selecting the enumerators, leaving nothing for an extension of the date for shutting down on applications.

The Director therefore urges all persons desiring places as enumerators to make application as quickly as possible, and he hopes that, in order to help get a perfect census, public-spirited and energetic people throughout the country will offer themselves for these positions, even though they may not care for them from the standpoint of the pay involved. He also trusts that employers will deem it their duty to give leave of absence to their employes who may desire to act as enumerators. Some slight sacrifice of this sort will be amply repaid by the improved quality of the census returns. Continuing the Director said:

"Although the actual work of taking the census will not begin until April 15, it is essential that those who wish to act as enumerators should apply immediately. Except under unusual circumstances, no application received after January 25th will be considered. About 68,000 enumerators will be required. Each will work in his own locality. Any competent person is entitled to apply for this position, and will be fairly considered for appointment.

The enumerators will earn about $60 each. Those in the rural districts must complete their work within thirty days, and those in cities of 5,000 and more population at the preceding census within two weeks, from April 15, 1910.

Those desiring to make application in this district should communicate with Irwin B. Tucker, supervisor of census, Whiteville, N. C.

PROSPECT OF PEACE

Managua is Jubilant Over Outlook For Settlement.

Managua, Nica., Jan. 5.— Managua is jubilant tonight over the prospects of early peace. President Madriz made public this evening a telegram which he had received from General Fornis Diaz, one of the leaders in General Estrada's insurgent army, saying that he was leaving Rama for Managua to discuss the situation with the president.

General Diaz's telegram was as follows: "Be assured of our patriotism and of General Estrada's honorable character. I am leaving for Managua to settle the country's situation with you directly."

General Vasquez has left to assume command of the government forces at Acoyapa, where an engagement with the insurgents army now moving westward may take place soon. Members of the local Red Cross branch have gone to Bucfields, where remain many of the prisoners taken by General Estrada in the attack on Rama.

President Madriz today began a personal investigation of the executions of the Americans Groce and Cannon, with the object of placing the responsibility. Salomon Selva, who served as governor prosecutor before the court martial will be found jointly responsible with Zelaya, it is expected. Admiral Kimball in command of the United States naval force in Corinto harbor, has declined a gift of six steers tendered by President Madriz for the American sailors mess.

Congress has passed a bill providing for the issue of paper money to the amount of $15,000,000 to re-place the $12,000,000 in notes now in circulation. Managua, Nica., aJn. 5.—Minister General Baca has issued a decree fixing 1,000,000 pesos, gold, which is equivalent to 9,000,000 paper as the amount of the forced war tax. Zelaya only levied a tax of 2,000,000 paper.

One quarter of the new tax is to be collected immediately. The decree has caused consternation.

JUDGESHIP FIGHT.

Rumors of Complications That May Ensue Shortly.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 5.—The Times this afternoon says:

There are rumors and rumors floating around concerning the judgeship of this district, and some of them bear the earmarks of truth. Of course, they are all based upon whether Judge W. R. Allen, of Goldsboro, will be a candidate against Justice James Manning for a seat on the Supreme Court bench.

When Judge Connor accepted the position of judge for the United States court for the eastern district of North Carolina, there was a vacancy on the State Supreme Court bench. The two leading candidates were Manning, of Durham, and Superior Court Judge Allen, of Goldsboro, both having strong endorsement. As is well known, Mr. Manning landed the position. At the time of his appointment it was stated that Judge Allen would contest his nomination for election before the next Democratic convention, which will probably be held early in next July. This coming fight has been the talk of the lawyers of the State ever since Judge Manning's appointment, many predicting that this will be a batle that will long be remembered.

If the fight above mentioned comes off, there will be a vacancy on the Superior Court bench from this district, and already several candidates for this position have been spoken of, and, in fact, so it is said, fences are being built on the quiet looking towards naming a successor to Judge Allen, possibly the two names most often mentioned in this connection are Mr. W. C. Douglass, of Raleigh, and Mr. Frank Daniels, of Goldsboro. The friends of both these prominent attorneys are at work, and should Judge Allen resign to enter the field against Justice Manning, their names will be placed before the people of this district.

AUGUSTUS HEINZE IN COURT.

Plead Not Guilty to Charge of Misapplication of Bank Funds.

New oYrk, Jan. 5.—Hints that there would be sensational developments shortly in the cases of the indicted copper company officials, were thrown out today when counsel for F. Augustus Heinz entered a demurrer in the United States Circuit Court to the indictments against Heinze and secured the adjournment of a hearing on a charge involving other United Copper officials and directors.

F. Augustus Heinze pleaded not guilty to an indictment charging him with over certification and misapplication of the funds of the Mercantile National Bank, the former Morse-Heinze institution and argument on the demurrer was set for January 13th, when a motion to quash the indictment also will be entered.

It is the general charge of the prosecution that the Mercantile bank funds were used in financing a pool in United Copper stocks by the grand jury in its investigation the books were found to be spirited awy. In this connection Arthur P. Heinze, Carlos Warfield, Samuel Robinson and Galvin Geer, directors and officers of the United Copper Company, were indicted for conspiracy. The conspiracy was also continued to January 13th.

In the Mercantile Bank case Heinze's original bail of $50,000 was continued. The indictment to which F. Augustus Heinze pleaded today was a new one found on October 12th last and kept under seal until today.

Fifteen of the 16 charges in the previous indictment to which he successfully demurred are included in the new presentment. The 18 counts in the new indictment charge Heinze as president of the Mercantile National Bank with various violations of the banking laws and with misapplication of bank funds.

Counsel for the Heinze issued a statement tonight questioning the regularity of the indictments against F. A. Heinze and urging that they be quashed.

HOTEL MEN MEET.

Association of Carolina and Virginia at Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 4.—The semi-annual convention of hotel men from North Carolina and Virginia is now in progress and will continue during tomorrow. The first session, assembling just before noon, was addressed by Mayor James T. Riddick, it being the official welcome extended to the city, and was responded to by J. R. Kavanaugh, of Winston-Salem, N. C., president of the North Carolina Association. P. M. Fry, of Richmond, president of the Virginia Association, is presiding over the joint sessions of the two associations.

W. F. Clegg, of Greensboro, N. C., was set down on the programme to read a paper, taking as his subject "European Hotels". In the absence of Mr. Clegg, J. B. Rector, of High Point, secretary of the association of the Old North State, was called upon to read a prepared paper. In this the members of the two associations were urged by the writer to do away with the American plan houses and adopt the now popular European. The fact that European hostelries in Virginia and North Carolina, especially in the smaller cities, are scarce, is greatly regretted, according to the statements read today.

"The Proprietor and the Traveling Man" was the subject of a paper by C. E. Hooper, of Charlotte, and this too, Mr. Rector was called upon to read on account of the absence of the author.

The second paper read, Mr. Rector concluded the first joint session. The members adjourned to the big kitchen of the Monticello Hotel for an inspection.

The meeting was held in the sixth floor dining room of the hotel. On this floor exhibits of hotel supplies by local and out-of-town establishments proved interesting features to the visitors.

PROHIBITION IN ATLANTA.

Mayor Maddox Says It Did Not Affect Business.

Atlanta, Jan. 4.—That prohibition has not hurt Atlanta in a financial or a business way, is a rather emphatic statement made by Mayor R. F. Maddox in his annual message just submitted to Council.

Mayor Maddox says he does not discuss the question either from a prohibition or an anti-prohibition standpoint, but from one purely of business. Among the effects of prohibition he does not question the value to the city of the elimination of the open saloon and he lays chief stress upon the good which has come from its absence, as proven by the records of the police court, for while the records of cases of drunkenness and disorderly conduct during 1909 showed an increase of about 50 per cent. over 1908, they were still only about half the number for 1907, the last year of bar rooms.

Those who want whiskey for consumption in quantities, however, continue to get it with almost as much apparent east as when they could buy it openly in Atlanta. The situation is regarded just about as it would be if liquors were sold here in original packages of not less than a quart, under license and regulation.

While the Mayor does not go into these questions, he apparently gives his approval strongly to the elimination of the saloon, which is most widely regarded as the chief evil of the liquor problem.

TRUST COMPANY MERGER.

Details of Big Financial Combine—Made Public Last Night.

New York, Jan. 5.—Details of the Guaranty-Morton-Fifth Avenue Trust Company merger were made public tonight after a meeting of the boards of directors of the three companies.

Among other things a further increase was authorized in the capital stock of the Guaranty Trust Company, as titular head, from $3,000,000 to $5,000,000. The capital stock had been previously increased from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000. It now only remains for stockholders to formally ratify the action of the directors at a meeting to be held on January 25th and to exchange their stock under a plan agreed upon tonight.

Upon the completion of the merger the Guaranty Trust Company will have a capital stock of $5,000,000 with surplus, including all undivided profits of approximately $21,000,000 and combined deposits of $126,000,000.

S.S.S. CURES CHRONIC ULCERS

There is nothing that causes more worry and discomfort than a chronic, festering ulcer. As it lingers, slowly eating into the tissues and surrounding flesh, and by its tendency to grow worse in every way, it suggests the possibility of being cancerous in its nature. Efforts to heal the ulcer by means of salves, washes, lotions, etc., always result in failure, because such treatment can have no possible effect on the blood where the impurities and morbid matters form, and are carried thorugh the circulation to the place, to keep it open, irritated and diseased. The impurities in the blood must be removed before the healing process can begin. S. S. S. goes to the fountain-head of the trouble, and drives out the germ-producing poisons and morbid impurities which keep the ulcer open. Then as this rich, purified blood is carried to the diseased place the healing commences, the inflammation gradually leaves, the discharge ceases, new tissue and healthy flesh are formed, and soon the sore is permanently cured because the source has been destroyed. S. S. S. does not make a surface cure, but by supplying the blood with healthful, tissue-building properties it begins at the bottom and causes the flesh at the diseased spot to firmly and permanently knit together, and the place is left sound and well. Book on Sores and Ulcers and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

SAFE BLOWERS AT WORK.

Postoffice at Hartsville, S. C. Dynamited Yesterday Morning.

Hartsville, S. C., Jan. 5.—Upon arrival at the postoffice this morning to fix up the mail for the outgoing 7 o'clock train, Postmaster J. E. Heustis found that a window had been forced open and the office safe had been blown with dynamite.

The safe door was found on the floor some distance away with its hinges broken and the combination knob shattered. The postmaster says he is unable at this time to say just how much cash and stamps are missing, but the amount includes the proceeds of four days' business.

Mr. J. W. Davis, who lives nearby, heard a report at about 2 o'clock this morning, but at the time thought a cannon cracker had been fired by some early riser.

The police are at work on the case and all the towns adjacent have been advised to be on the lookout for suspicious characters.

COL. GORDON A SENATOR.

Oath Administered Yesterday by Vice President. Sherman.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Occasionally nodding his head in acknowledgement of the admonitions of loyalty to the United States contained in the oath of office administered to all Senators, Colonel James Gordon, ex-Confederate leader, who was appointed by Governor Noel as the successor of Senator McLaurin of Mississippi, was today made a member of the United States Senate.

Senator Money accompanied his colleague to the desk of the Vice President, Mr. Sherman, who administered the oath of office. The new Senator, who in point of age is one of the oldest in the Senate, signed the roll with a firm hand and was conducted to a seat on the rear row of the Democratic side, where he will have for a neighbor Senator Oliver, of Pennsylvania.

MURDER IN MISSOURI

Unusual Case Reported From Greensboro, This State.

Greensboro, Jan. 5.—A very unusual state of facts surrounding the murder of a Guilford county unknown citizen in Kansas City, Missouri, was developed this morning. Mr. J. R. Ross, of Pleasant Garden, received a letter from his cousin, Mr. R. E. Hendrix, formerly of this county but for many years a prominent business man and resident of Kansas City, stating that an unknown man had been robbed and murdered there the night before with no clew whatever left as to his identity, except that two policemen identified the dead man as one who the night before had asked directions to the residence of R. E. Hendrix's old home in North Carolina and desired to pay him a visit. Mr. Hendrix states in his letter that upon being called on to view the deceased he visited the morgue, but utterly failed to recognize the features as among any of his old acquaintances or kinsmen in Guilford. He described the man as being about fifty-five years of age, with brown hair and moustache tinged with gray, being probably six feet tall, weighing probably 175 pounds. Mr. Ross knows of no one in this section recently going to Kansas City, and gives Mr. Hendrix's inquiry to the press, so that if possible some one knowing of a missing man of that description, who has gone out West and not been heard from, might be able to locate him, even through this tragic fate.

SUES RAILROAD

St. Matthews Merchant Shot at Charlotte Seeks Damages.

Charlotte, N. C., Jan. 5.—Summonses have been issued against the Southern Express company, the Southern Railway Company and J. Harry Jones in a suit brought by W. L. Felder of St. Matthews, S. C., for damages. The suit is the outgrowth of the shooting of Mr. Felder a few weeks ago while he was walking in the passenger yards of the Southern Railway here. He was struck by a bullet from a pistol fired by Mr. Jones, who was an express messenger on duty at the time in his car. Mr. Felder has recovered sufficiently to go to his home. Jones has been released on bail of $1,000. The complaint has not been filed, and the amount of damages asked is not known.

The ads will show you whether or not there's a chance today to buy that piece of furniture at your price.

CHURCH SHOULD ADVERTISE

Boston Man Urges Adoption of Commercial Methods.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—A press agent for every church and constant advertising in newspapers as a means of creating interest in religious affairs were parts of a plan advocated last night in a lecture at the Dormemus Congregational Church by E. C. Packard, of Boston, Mass., who calls himself a "publicity evangelist." The lecture was illustrated by lantern slides, showing just how the advertisements should be worded and the illustrations used.

"It is a fact which many ministers re-beginning to understand—that commercial methods can be applied to religious work," he said.

The incoming district attorney of New York, former Judge Charles S. Whitman, is for a woman assistant district attorney to look after business in the children's court and will probably name one for this somewhat delicate post, provided a competent woman, lawyer or otherwise, will apply. This we think is a long step in the right direction. The women probation officers have made good in all the New York police courts and there seems to appear no reason why a woman of humanity, sense, tact and some legal aptitude should not find plenty of opportunity for helpful work in connection with the prosecution of juvenile cases, of which there are hundreds monthly in the children's court that was created in Mayor Seth Low's time.—Pensacola Journal.

Those magazine writers and chautauqua speakers who have had so much to say about the great extravagance of our national government might easily use their time to more purpose, as far as practical results are concerned. The American people have become so accustomed to big things that it is exceedingly hard to stir them up to any extent with talk about billion dollar Congresses and similar things. Billion dollar Congresses are great evils and the extravagance of our national government is inexcusable but Mr. Average Citizen is not likely to take any great degree of interest in remedying this condition of affairs because he pays for this extravagance in an indirect way. Of course the money spent by our government is gotten from the citizens but it comes indirectly through higher prices for tariff protected goods and in similar ways and extravagance is thus seemingly a less vital problem than it would be otherwise. If the authorities of an American city or State were to spend money with as little regard for economy as the authorities of our national government there would be a great howl in short order.—Twin City Sentinel.

Women's Woes.

Wilmington Women Are Finding Relief at Last.

It does seem that women have more than a fair share of the aches and pains that afflict humanity; they must "keep up", must attend to duties in spite of constantly aching backs, or headaches, dizzy spells, bearing down pains; they must stoop over, when to stoop means torture. They must walk and bend and work with racking pains and many aches from kidney ills. Kidneys cause more suffering than any other organ of the body. Keep the kidneys well and health is easily maintained. Read of a remedy for kidneys only that helps and cures the kidneys and is endorsed by people you know.

Miss Maggie Rivenbark, 105 Dock St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "I found great benefit through the use of Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at R. R. Bellamy's drug store. I suffered from constant, dull pains in my back and some days I could hardly get about the house. My kidneys were very weak and I was caused much annoyance by too frequent passages of the secretions. I used several remedies but nothing gave me the desired relief until Doan's Kidney Pills were used. They proved to be just what I required and in a short time cured me so completely that my trouble has never returned."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Cause and Effect

The Clay Eaters are stupid, lazy people, with very large appetites—a matter of *diet*. Clay doesn't nourish, so doesn't satisfy. Boilers fed with rock, bone, ash, etc., are sluggish and lazy. Change the diet. They need Heat Units. Atlantic Guaranteed Coal will brace them up to the "popping off" point and keep them there. The boiler eats *less* and does *more*.

ATLANTIC STATES COAL & COKE CO.,
Richmond, Va.

HERE'S to you! To all our friends and customers who are helping us make a big success of our business; to all the other men who like to be well dressed, and who haven't yet found out the best way to do it, and the right place to do it in, is this store; to

Hart Schaffner & Marx

greatest of all clothes-makers, for their share in our prosperity; for making such clothes, all-wool, perfectly tailored.

May you all live long and prosper.

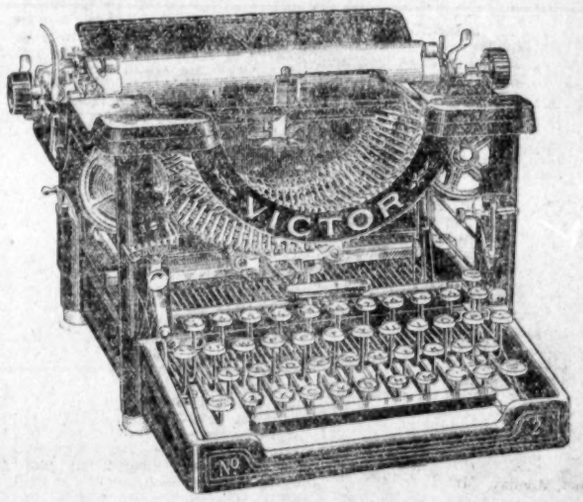
A complete stock of full dress accessories, also full dress suits.

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes.

THE A. DAVID CO.

Tailors-Furnishers to Men.

VICTOR TYPEWRITERS



Every machine is fitted with a Decimal Tabulator, thus you not only get a correspondence machine but also a billing Typewriter.

"TALK WITH RAMOS."

And get your money's worth, he is the typewriter Doctor as well as giver of bargains in All Makes of Typewriters.

Supplies of all kinds.

Ramos Typewriter Co.,

Phone 1134. P. O. Box 54.

401 Southern Building. Wilmington, N. C.

The Cold Wave Is Strictly On

and we have the goods to keep you comfortable, such as

BLANKETS, COMFORTABLES, UNDERWEAR, KNIT SKIRTS, GLOVES

and a good selection of FURS at very reasonable prices.

We have on display a new lot of PERCALES and GINGHAMS being the first shipment of Spring goods.

C. H. Fore & Co.

Sole agents for Dr. Jaeger's Underwear, Redfern, Warner's, and Thomson's Corsets.

"Christmas" and the HARDWARE STORE.

There are many, many things in our splendid well assorted stocks that will make your friends the best of gifts. Useful, serviceable, practical, gifts, the sort that please and satisfy. These are suggestions. Many others equally interesting at this store.

Auto-Stropping Razors.
Gillette Razors.
Curley Razors.
Spring Bros. Razors.
"Wm. A. Rogers."
Plated Ware.
Genuine Stag Carving Set
Hamilton Rifles.
Winchester Rifles.
Marlin Rifles.

Wm. E. Springer & Company.

THE STATE IN EPITOME

¶News, Comment and Incidents as Reflected in North Carolina. : : : : : : : : : :

Sugar Bowl as Weapon.

Charlotte Observer: For hurling a sugar bowl at the head of Betty Gordon, a white woman who assists him in the management of his restaurant on West Trade street, Bill Horah was fined $25 and costs in the police court yesterday. The woman was struck in the head and painfully injured. Horah had ordered her to take her sewing machine out of his bed room, where she was doing some work on it. Acting not quickly enough to suit him, she incurred his acute displeasure. Horah made reflections on the woman's character in his evidence on the stand.

Bound by Ice Six Days.

Greenville Reflector: C. E. Rountree returned Monday evening from his annual hunting trip down the river. He had quite a thrilling experience although he did not bag much game. He left here Monday week intending to return Friday evening, but he took his launch up in the upper part of Chicod creek, to his old camp, and during the bitter cold weather Wednesday and Thursday the creek froze over, holding his boat fast. He had to remain away from home a little longer than he intended. "Rat" says he thinks the weather beat anything Peary experienced in his polar expedition. He spent all day Sunday cutting his way out of the creek and he has blistered hands as a result.

Passenger Injured.

Rocky Mount, N. C., Jan. 5.—Shortly after the passenger train on the Spring Hope branch was leaving Winsteads on its return trip to this city today, Mr. Joe Wilson arose from his seat in the first-class car and went on the platform for the purpose of getting some fresh air, so he stated When he reached the platform the train was running at a lively clip and Mr. Wilson was thrown from the platform of the car and received injuries the extent of which are not known just at present. The train was stopped and went back and picked the man up and he was brought to this city and placed in the relief hospital of the company at South Rocky Mount.

An examination of his condition showed that there were no bones broken, however, he is suffering with a hurt back and an injured leg. Mr. Wilson is a surveyor and his home is at Baileys, in Wilson county and he was returning from Spring Hope where he had been at work. He held a ticket from Spring Hope to Wilson.

GASTONIA SUBURBAN LINE.

Survey of Route to Mt. Holly Completed.

(Charlotte Observer.)

The survey of the electric trolley line which is to connect Mount Holly and Gastonia besides, of course, traversing the streets of these towns was completed Monday. Mr. T. C. Lee is the engineer in general charge of this entire enterprise. About a month had been devoted to the survey. All the rights of way have been secured except one stretch in Mount Holly, about which negotiations are still pending.

The work of grading this line, which is about 13 miles in length, will be allotted to a number of different contractors in the immediate future. The number of these will be determined by the nature of the bids submitted. The contracts will then be awarded as soon as the constructing corporation, which will be the operating concern as well, gets ready.

Only one contract thus far has been awarded. This is held by Mr. P. R. Huffstetter in Gastonia, his territory being about half a mile in length. According to the terms of the franchise work had to be begun by January 1st. This has been more than complied with, Mr. Huffstetter having had men at work since December 22nd. This stretch will be completed by March 1st. The work of grading the line can be finished in six months, as soon as work is fairly begun.

In surveying this trolley line special care has been taken by Mr. Lee to avoid the public roads. It would have been cheaper to have heavy grades and run near the roads, but instead there will be moderate grades. The road will be first class in every respect. A steel bridge will have to be constructed across South Fork half a mile above McAdenville. This bridge will be about 35 feet long.

Messrs. W. S. Lee and Louis Harrison are the incorporators of the Piedmont Traction Company.

GENERAL WATER POWER BILL.

Proposed Measure in Congress to Assess For Erection of Dams.

(Fayetteville Observer.)

A general water power bill which will require the owners of water power not only to participate in the cost of the construction of dams to be built across navigable streams, but to reimburse the Federal government for the dams already constructed, will be pressed for passage at this session of Congress. It is understood that the measure will be part of the administration's conservation policy and will have the support of the members of the Rivers and Harbors committee.

Although the bill has not been drawn up as yet it is probable that a commission of government engineers will be provided for in the measure It is proposed that this commission or board of government engineers shall examine all of the water power plants in every part of the country with a view to ascertaining what has been the cost of dams which create the water power and report the same to Congress . When this report is made Congress will then amend the acts under which the water powers were granted so as to force the companies to either forfeit their rights or pay the cost of constructing the dams.

The fact that many of these dams were built as aids to navigation should not prevent the government from assessing the cost against the water power companies, is the opinion of President Taft and the advocates of the legislation. By a general scheme of requiring water power companies to pay for the construction of dams, it is urged that many streams can be made navigable with very little expense to the government.

S. F. PATTERSON RE-MARRIES.

Well-Known North Carolinian Weds in New York.

(Charlotte Chronicle.

The marriage of Mr. Samuel F. Patterson, the divorced husband of Mrs. Bessie Alexander Patterson, of this city, to Mrs. Alma T. Schmitt, of New York, was learned in this city with the keenest interest.

About a year ago, Mrs. Patterson divorced her husband in the courts of Maryland, the trial being held in Baltimore, Md., where the couple had lived most of their married life. Mrs. Patterson was given the possession of the two children and a good support for them and herself.

Tuesday morning, December 28th, 1909, the following notice appeared in the New York Daily Tribune:

"Mrs. R. W. Trimble announces the marriage of her daughter, Alma T. Schmitt, to Samuel F. Patterson, on Monday, December 27th, 1909."

Mr. Patterson is now making his home at Roanoke Rapids, Va., where he is treasurer of the Roanoke Mills Company and the Rosemary Manufacturing Company.

He is well known throughout North Carolina, where he has a large connection. He is a man of about 40 years of age and exceedingly handsome.

The bride is a sister of Mrs. Edmund Patterson, of Winston-Salem.

"FIXED" THE FURNITURE.

Method Used By Charlotte Woman to Thwart Installment Men.

(Charlotte Observer.)

Viola Fleming, the white woman of unenviable reputation but undilluted nerve, is behind prison bars again with a two-fold charge against her. Having bought some furniture from the Lawing-Robbins Company on the instalment plan and failed to keep up the payments, the furniture was due to be returned yesterday. Not at all pleased with this prospect, the woman proceeded to imbibe liquors spirituous and when she had reached the proper point of artificial exhilaration, she proceeded to smash the furniture to smithereens. A scene of destruction was all that greeted the onlookers when "to her door taey backed a van," slightly to paraphrase the popular song.

She was arrested on the charge of being drunk and disorderly. In addition a warrant was served on her in her cell by constables charging her with breaking up property not legally hers. Soon afterward Oscar Hasty came to police headquarters and went in to see her without permission and, it was believed, gave her whiskey When she became suspiciously jubilant she was searched and the bottle found. Hasty was given a cell on the charge of intoxication.

It is hard to get the best of this female.

WASHINGTON'S NEW BUILDING.

Town Officers Well Housed in the Addition.

(Washington Daily News.)

The addition to the city hall building is now practically completed and the city clerk and superintendent of the electric light plant are now duly ensconced in their new quarters. Parties having business either with the clerk or the electric light people can enter their offices through a corridor between the old building and the new without having to take the trouble of going through the Mayor's court room.

The offices are well appointed and convenient. Up-to-date furniture has been installed and both officials of the city can much better attend to their respective affairs now they are settled in their new quarters. The city has also placed a large and modern safe, weighing 4,300 pounds, of the Victor make, in the clerk's office. This safe was made specially for the purpose. It is ample, safe, and will meet every requirement for years to come. To the rear of the business offices is the stockroom of the electric light company. No city in this eastern section can boast of a more modern and convenient suite of city business offices.

"SURPRISED ALL TO HELL."

Mutes Marry New Year's Day and Take Fellow Mutes by Surprise.

(Durham Herald.)

A coterie of the bright deaf and dumb people were in the Y. M. C. A lobby last night and they gathered about a young blushing boy as they did around the haloed prophets of the past. He was a new groom and was playing checkers.

"What is up?" they were asked on paper and clapped their hands and beat the still air furiously in their efforts to embarrass the groom.

"Married on new year and surprised us all to hell," one of them wrote quickly while even Secretary Hunter could not suppress a smile if he did happen to be slightly shocked.

The couple that "surprised us all to" one of the important adjuncts to modern theology, were Miss Bennie Smith, of Selma, and Mr. John W. E. Pope, of East Durham. They were married by Justice Frank Smith. Both are mutes and as the gentleman who had been so surprised cussed by note, it is presumed that he did no violence to the Y. M. C. A.

Saved At Death's Door.

The door of death seemed ready to open for Murray W. Ayers, of Transit Bridge, N. Y., when his life was wonderfully saved. "I was in a dreadful condition," he writes, "my skin was almost yellow; eyes sunken; tongue coated; emaciated from losing 46 pounds, growing weaker daily. Virulent liver trouble pulling me down to death in spite of doctors. Then that matchless medicine—Electric Bitters—cured me. I regained the 40 pounds lost and now am well and strong." For all stomach, liver and kidney troubles they're supreme. 50c. at Robert R. Bellamy's.

Little Things Annoy or Please Us

Little things annoy us—the little curl of smoke that, if left alone, would soon smudge the furnishings and make work for the house-wife.

There are no annoying little things in the

PERFECTION Oil Heater

(Equipped with Smokeless Device)

They've been banished by hard thought and tireless work. In their stead there are little things that please—that make for comfort and satisfaction. The little self-locking

Automatic Smokeless Device

that actually prevents smoke—the little lock on the inside of the tube that holds the wick in check—keeps it below the smoke zone, so accurately adjusted that it cannot go wrong—these are some of the little things that please—that have contributed to the name and fame of the Perfection Oil Heater.

The most satisfying heater you can buy—always ready—easy to manage—always dependable—quickly cleaned.

Brass font holds 4 quarts—burns 9 hours. Attractively finished in Nickel or Japan in various styles and finishes.

Every Dealer Everywhere. If Not At Yours, Write for Descriptive Circular to the Nearest Agency of the

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated)

A Few More Days of Grace!

From now until January 1st, at which date we take stock, we will sell goods cheaper than ever.

While our holiday trade was heavier than ever before, we still have plenty of bright, new, fresh goods with which to supply the requirements of our customers. Our low prices will greatly help out those who have had considerable expense during the holidays.

Call and examine our goods and get our prices if interested.

Remember that these prices are until Jan. 1st, 1910, only. Dollars saved by buying now.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.
Wilmington, N. C.

GASOLINE

OUR GASOLINE IS MORE VOLATILE THAN ANY GASOLINE ON THE MARKET, CONTAINING THE MAXIMUM PER CENT. OF POWER PER GALLON; MADE FROM ONE GRADE OF CRUDE, ENSURING UNIFORMITY IN QUALITY.

12c per Gallon in Galvanized Iron Barrels, F. O. B. Wilmington.

For Perfect Lubrication Use THEBEST Auto Oil.

Cape Fear Oil Co.

'PHONE 873.

MATT J. HEYER, Prest. B. H. J. AHRENS, Vice Pres.
MILTON CALDER, Cash.

Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

We wish you a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

Our wishing cannot bring you one, but a Savings Account drawing four per cent can.

ja 1 tf

COAL AND WOOD

Oak, Blackjack, Short and Long Leaf Pine and Soft Coal.

BUILDING MATERIAL

High grade Lime, Portland Cement, Wall Plaster, etc. Cypress Shingles—all grades.

W. B. THORPE & CO., Inc.
Phone 789.

de 12 tf

CITY LIVERY COMPANY
108-110-112 N. Second St.

Up-to-Date Traps and Buggies

Carriages for Germans and Receptions a Specialty.

XMAS Greetings

To Our Customers and Friends

We

Appreciate the many favors bestowed upon us this year and Trust we merit a continuance of same for 1910.

Wishing all a pleasant Xmas and Happy New Year.

D. L. GORE CO.
Wholesale Grocers.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

de 25 tf

SMOKE

Cuban Blossom

CIGARS!

WHY ?

Because It Is the Best Cigar for the Money.

H. L. Vollers
Wholesale Grocer.

"A Stitch in Time Saves Nine"

Take advantage of the common sense contained in the above old adage, by giving us your orders for Stoves and heaters before the cold weather arrives.

We carry one of the largest stocks and best assortment of Hardware in the State at prices which defy competition.

Come in, call up 106 or 1030—or write and let us figure with you.

J. W. MUR HISON & COMPANY.
109-111 North Front Street.

Turner's North Carolina Almanac For 1910

New Year Cards and Calendars. Office Supplies, Oliver Typewriters, rebuilt Underwoods, Remington and Oliver Typewriters at half price. Ribbons and Carbon for all machines.

Loose Leaf Ledgers and Blank Books of all kinds.

Globe-Wernicke Filing Cabinets and Book Cases. Derby Desks and Office Furniture.

C. W. YATES & CO.

de 31 tf

HUGH MacRAE & CO.
BANKERS,

Miscellaneous Southern Securities
Cotton Mill Stocks

WILMINGTON, N. C.
New York City, 149 Broadway

TO OUR CUSTOMERS

We wish you a happy New Year and we also wish to thank you for your past patronage and solicit a continuance of the same.

HOPKINS & DAVIS

Front Street Market.

Wholesale and Retail Fresh Meat Dealers.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect Thursday, September 30th 1909.

TO BEACH.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 6:50, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 7:10 and 8:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A M., 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00 4:30 5:00, 6:30, 6:10, 7:10 and 8:30 P. M.

TO WILMINGTON.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Lumina at 7:45, 9:15, and 10:45 A. M., 12:15 1:45, 3:45, 5:15, 7:50 and 9:15 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Lumina at 9:45 10:45 A. M., 12:15, 1:45, 3:15, 3:45 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, 6:25, 6:50, 7:50 and 9:15 P. M.

TO WRIGHTSVILLE.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 6:50, 8:00, 8:30 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 3:00, 4:30 5:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A M., 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

TO WILMINGTON.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 6:20, 7:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:55 A. M. 12:25, 1:55, 3:55, 5:25, 6:35, 8:00 9:25 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 9:55, 10:55 A. M., 12:25, 1:55, 3:25 4:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 5:55, 6:35, 7:00 8:00, 9:25, 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

CAROLINA PLACE. FRONT AND PRINCESS TO CAROLINA PLACE.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess 6:52 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:37 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess 8:22 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:37 P. M.

TO FRONT AND PRINCESS.

WEEK DAYS—Leave 17th and Market 6:45 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:45 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave 17th and Market 8:30 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:45 P. M.

FREIGHT.

Leave Wilmington daily except Sunday at 4:00 P. M. Freight Depot from 1:00 to 4:00 P. M.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and best Line West and Northwest.

Block System, Rock Ballast, 85-lb. Rail

Schedule in Effect May 1st, 1909.

Lv. Norfolk	7:30 a.m.	7:20 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	10:25 a.m.	10:20 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 d.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:30 p.m.	2:13 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:30 a.m.	7:20 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	7:45 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar. St Louis	7:28 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle an Francisco and all Western points Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N and W Cafe dining cars. Equipment nd service standard of excellence due Ridge and Alleghany mountains rossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature d information free. Correspondence vited.

W. B. BEVILL,
Gen. Pass Agent, Roanoke, Va.
H. BOSLEY,
Dist. Pass Agent Richmond Va.

SEABOARD Air Line Railway SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office or S. A. L. Railway Freight Office Telephones No. 1294 or No. 5.

Trains Leave Wilmington Effective January 3, 1910.

No. 45—4:50 A. M.—For Hamlet, and Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for Raleigh and points North.

No. 39—4:00 P. M.—For Hamlet, connecting with through trains for Atlanta, Charlotte, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York and trains in all directions.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington

No. 40—1:15 P. M.—From Hamlet.

No. 44—12:20 A. M.—From Charlotte and Hamlet.

No. 43 connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for all points North at Monroe with No. 53 for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41 for Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis and Charlotte, with No. 84 and No. 92 for Washington and New York and Portsmouth, Norfolk and No. 43 for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Parlor Car Service will be maintained between Wilmington and Hamlet on No. 39 leaving Wilmington at 3:20 P. M., and No. 40 arriving at Wilmington at 1:15 P. M.

B. W. ARRINGTON,
Union Ticket Agent.
Phone No. 1294
F. A. FETTER, Agent.
Phone No. 5.

H. S. LEARD,
Div. Passenger Agent.,
Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. BRYAN,
General Passenger Agent,
Portsmouth, Va.

J. W. H. FUCHS

Buster Brown Shoes for Boys and Girls.

Clothing for Men and Boys.

Suits Made to Order.

J. W. H FUCHS
128 to 134 S. Front St.
Phone 800.

Holeproof Hose and Stockings.

de 24 tf

NEW MODEL No. 10
REMINGTON TYPEWRITER
$84.50
RAMOS TYPEWRITER CO.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

de 3 tf

Atlantic Coast Line

CORRECT TO DECEMBER 22nd.

NOTICE.

The arrivals and departure are given as information, as well as connections with other companies, but arrivals and connections are not guaranteed.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 48. Daily.	No. 42. Daily
Lv. Wilmington	8:45 am	7:00 pm
Ar. Goldsboro	12:00 pm	9:55 pm
Ar. Wilson	1:00 pm	10:52 pm
Ar. Rocky Mount	1:35 pm	11:30 pm
Ar. Weldon	4:55 pm	2:09 am
Ar. Norfolk	8:55 pm	*8:35 am
Ar. Petersburg	7:05 pm	4:05 am
Ar. Richmond	8:00 pm	4:40 am
Ar. Washington	11:50 pm	8:00 am
Ar. Baltimore	1:20 am	9:16 am
Ar. W. Philadelphia	3:40 am	11:35 pm
Ar. New York	6:30 am	2:00 pm

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41. Daily.	No. 49. Daily.
Lv. New York	3:25 pm	9:25 pm
Lv. W. Philadelphia	5:44 pm	12:19 am
Lv. Baltimore	8:20 pm	2:46 am
Lv. Washington	10:00 pm	4:20 am
Lv. Norfolk	3:20 pm	8:25 am
Lv. Richmond	1:20 am	8:15 am
Lv. Petersburg	1:25 am	9:13 am
Lv. Weldon	3:40 am	11:35 am
Lv. Rocky Mount	5:05 am	12:50 pm
Lv. Wilson	5:49 am	2:09 pm
Lv. Goldsboro	6:25 am	3:05 pm
Ar. Wilmington	9:20 am	6:10 pm

WEST AND SOUTH.

	51.	55	via Wilson. 42
Lv. Wilmington	6:00 am	3:20 pm	7:00 pm
Ar. Florence	9:25 am	7:25 pm	4:01 am
Ar. Columbia	1:00 pm	10:45 pm	
Ar. Augusta	3:00 pm		
Ar. Atlanta	8:20 pm		
Ar. Nashville	6:30 am		
Ar. Memphis	5:30 pm		
Ar. Louisville	1:10 pm		
Ar. Con'ti	4:35 pm		
Ar. Charleston	1:15 pm	11:20 pm	7:05 am
Ar Savannah	3:55 pm	2:20 am	9:30 am
Ar. Jacksonville	8:15 pm	7:15 am	1:30 pm
Ar. Tampa	7:00 am	7:00 pm	10:25 pm

Pullman service Florence to Atlanta and Atlanta to destination.

NORTHBOUND.

	50 Daily.	54 Daily.
Lv. Tampa	9:00 pm	10:30 am
Lv. Jacksonville	7:30 am	7:45 pm
Lv. Savannah	11:55 am	12:15 am
Lv. Charleston	4:25 pm	5:10 am
Lv. Columbia	4:25 pm	6:00 am
Lv. Augusta	2:45 pm	
Lv. Florence	8:03 pm	9:25 am
Ar. Wilmington	11:30 pm	1:25 pm

WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

Westbound. 53 Daily.		Eastbound. 52 Daily.
8:40 AM	Lv. Wilmington Ar.	8:05 PM
11:45 AM	Ar. Fayetteville Lv.	4:50 PM
12:10 PM	Lv. Fayetteville Ar.	4:45 PM
1:40 PM	Ar. Sanford Lv.	3:30 PM

WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

Northbound. 62	Daily except Sunday.	Southbound. 63
1:25 PM	Lv. Wilmington Ar.	12:50 PM
5:17 PM	A. Jacksonville Lv.	10:55 AM
6:44 PM	Ar. N. & S. Jct. Lv.	9:35 AM
6:50 PM	Ar. Newbern Lv.	9:30 AM

*VIA PETERSBURG AND N. & W. RY.
**Daily Except Sunday.

Trains No. 42 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping cars with broiler service, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Pennsylvania R. R., for all points East.

Trains 48 and 49 carry Pullman Parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.

Trains No. 55 and 50 carry Pullman Sleeping cars between Wilmington and Columbia.

T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.

Clyde Steamship Company to NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.

NEW YORK TO WILMINGTON.
S. S. "Carib".....Friday, January 7, 1910
S. S. "Navahoe".....Friday, January 14, 1910

WILMINGTON TO NEW YORK.
S. S. "Navahoe"..Saturday, January 8, 1910
S. S. "Carib"....Saturday, January 15, 1910

WILMINGTON TO GEORGETOWN.
S. S. "Navahoe".....Monday, January 3, 1910
S. S. "Carib".....Monday, January 10, 1910

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight and passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.
H. E. MAYNARD, F. T. M.
H. H. RAYMOND, V. P. & G. M.
General Offices, Pier 26 N. R., N. Y.

Blue prints of all kinds are made by Southern Map Co., phone 813, So. Bldg.

A HOLLOW TOOTH

is a "holler" reality when it's on the "jump," and keeps you awake all night long.

QUIT "HOLLERING" ABOUT TOOTH ACHE.
HAVE US FILL IT.

We fill teeth and make them good as new. Don't wait till you have a "swelled jaw," but come now—today.

WE NEVER CHARGE HIGH FOR FILLING "HOLLOW" TEETH.
PLATES.....$5.00 AND UP
PAINLESS EXTRACTION FREE.

DR. JAS. W. POWELL
Dentist.

de 12 tf

PARLOR CAR SERVICE ON SEABOARD BETWEEN HAMLET AND WILMINGTON.

The Seaboard has re-established Parlor Car Service on their trains Nos. 39 and 40 between Hamlet and Wilmington, effective December 20th. Leave Hamlet 9.05 A. M., arrive Wilmington 1.15 P. M.; returning leave Wilmington 3.20 P. M. arrive Hamlet 7.30 P. M.

C. H. GATTIS,
District Passenger Agent
Raleigh, N. C.

de 23 tf

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY (Inc.) Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under act of Congress, March 2nd 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carrier in the city or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for times actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms No. 61. Call either if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will be invariably rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

Thursday, January 6, 1910.

SUPPORT FROM HIGH AUTHORITY

In writing yesterday against the fallacy that the action of the Federal Government in granting liquor if in opposition to local laws against the censes in "dry" territory is in spirit manufacture and sale of intoxicants, we did not expect to be so soon able to point to a high and unbiased authority as a support of such views. In the News and Observer of yesterday, however, we read that Judge Henry Groves Connor charged the Federal grand jury in part as follows:

"Then Judge Connor discussed the position of the State and Federal governments with regard to the liquor laws. The time was, he stated, when men had a right to make liquor, the State laws permitting this and the Federal laws not interfering. Now it is that North Carolina, by the act of its Legislature and the vote of the people, has declared that intoxicating liquor is not to be manufactured or sold within the State. The Federal government does not say this, but it requires that taxes be paid on the liquor manufactured or sold. As to the enforcement of the law the Federal government would be treading on forbidden territory in executing State prohibition laws. It is a mistake to think that the people should look to the Federal government to execute State laws, as it was never proposed that Federal officials should encroach upon the rights of the State. It is the duty of the Federal jurors to do all in their power to enforce the Federal laws, but when it is undertaken to perform police duty for the State of North Carolina the Federal officials not only violate their oaths and trespass on the rights of the State, but set a dangerous example."

The above is an admirably terse statement of a distinction that, for some reason, does not seem to be fully grasped. The government makes a general rule to the effect that intoxicants shall be nowhere made or sold except upon the payment of a tax. It ought not to be denied, by the Columbia State, for instance, that the use of Federal officers to enforce State laws would be a dangerous subversion of fundamental principle. Yet to refuse to grant license in prohibition territory would accomplish just that, because in that event the government would be forced either to ignore violations of its own statute, or punish, as for a crime, the failure to comply with a requirement, compliance with which would be forbidden. The crime against the government is selling or manufacturing without license; to use government officials to run down dealers in intoxicants forbidden to take out license would inevitably mean to supplement the police power of the State with the police power of the Government. And that, in turn, would mean the easy transition from State to Federal authority in the enforcement of the law generally.

The Star said yesterday:

"It is inconceivable to see how—except upon the hypothesis that the Government should turn over its own police to help those of the prohibition States—the issue of Government license can in any way encourage law violation in this respect."

Judge Connor said yesterday:

"* * * When it is undertaken to perform police duty for the State of North Carolina, the Federal officials not only violate their oaths and trespass on the rights of the State, but set a dangerous example."

Judge Connor is an "original" prohibitionist, of the vintage of 1831. He is also, (which is not always a corollary), a prudent and thoughtful man. We are gratified that on this point he so well reinforces our plea to those charged with the execution of the prohibition statute to look for the cause of its non-enforcement more in their own lack of zeal and less in the disturbing influence of extraneous circumstance.

The ship subsidy is doubtless expected to sail into port upon the subsidies given to those who help her sail.

TAFT GOES TO MARKET.

The recent quiet expression of confidence by Mr. Taft that the measures he would recommend to Congress would be enacted into law had the look of a good, kind man arguing manners with a lot of school boys.

It appears now that the President had a reason for thinking that that would come to pass which all the signs seemed to indicate would end in talk. It was Roosevelt who advised "speak softly, but carry a big stick". It is Taft who seems to understand what Roosevelt could not compass: both easy speech and a weapon out of sight until ready for use. Roosevelt flourished the stick and shouted defiance; Taft smiles and waits with patience the time to get in action. The difference is merely another of the contrasts of method that mark the personalities of this President and his predecessor.

The Washington news yesterday was that the "insurgents" had suddenly awakened to the fact that the dividends of insurrection were to be long delayed. Mr. Miller, of Minnesota, walked up to see about a couple of postoffices in his district. He was surprised to find that a little insurging around on his part had won him the diplomatic equivalent of "nothing doing". Speedily it became known that whereas insurgence in the past was by no means an unforgivable sin, independence in Republican ranks would in the future be a bar to any and all patronage. It even became talked that should the insurgence proceed too far, such crested waves of opposition might expect a low tide of enthusiasm at forthcoming primaries, and that, when it came to an election, the powers that be would of course not be expected to contribute anything to their own undoing. In other words, Mr. Taft, having observed the revolutionaries in his party, has simply determined to starve them out. And a Congressman without patronage is about as helpless as a soldier without his rations of bacon and tobacco.

Of course, Mr. Miller and others have since that time been running around in circles. But the trouble about a circle is that it ends where it begins. The President has the offices, and the Congressmen, including the insurgents, want them. We look to come speedily upon a time when only such confirmed and committed individuals as LaFollette and Cummings will have sufficient nerve even to back-pedal when going down hill.

This is, to be sure, a distressing incident of legislation. It is no more, in fact, that indirect bribery, owing its indirection only to the fact that the recipient of the power to give an office is not himself immediately benefitted; though, to the extent of his power to hold to his own office is thereby strengthened, he is, indeed, benefitted, and that immediately. If under such pressure he yields his vote, he is simply selling himself for the hope of being returned as a lawmaker. There is no better and truer guage to the sincerity of politics than the fact that purchases with such coin are the easiest and cheapest of bargains. It is a commentary upon the development of a Republic that the popular head of all the people should feel it necessary to resort to such methods to carry his views. It is, however, practical statesmanship, and, as Roosevelt said with such engaging candor to E. H. Harriman, both President and Congress are "practical men."

In the complexity of Washington politics, however, it is hard to suggest any other practical method than this purchase of the majority. In a time of national stress, so good a man as the late Grover Cleveland used it as a club to accomplish his ends. Doubtless he took his course with all revulsion and reluctance, but the Presidents that have followed have followed his precedent as a matter of course. Cleveland used brutal methods to meet a crisis. The fashion now is to gain an end with the least trouble and by the quickest means. So well is this understood that it may be predicted that the mere word will be sufficient to prevent any except the most perfunctory opposition, and it may be hazarded with confidence that the result will show that more than one professed "insurgent" has been adopting the role merely as a pretext for enhancing the value of his renunciation of it. The predicted "fight" will, therefore, not take place further than the preliminary howls sent up for consistency's sake; such measures as Taft, Aldrich and Cannon may combine upon will sail smoothly over calm legislative waters—before which the "insurgents" will be seen, in proportion to the degree of their previous activity, approaching the counter on hands and knees, or with the glad look of those who are proud to be instructed by their betters.

In spite of which, it is a sordid spectacle to watch, and a gloomy prospect which it introduces.

Attorney General Bickett, custodian of the North Carolina anti-trust law (with "teeth", or without?) took a trip to Washington to see what a trust looked like. That night even Tom Pence could not "locate" him. Is this a favorable or an unfavorable sign?

AN "INGENIOUS" DISTINCTION.

On this page is served up that "illustration of the Charlotte Chronicle's well-known ingenuity," which we recently called for as an explanation of how it happened that it could endorse Dr. Stiles' attitude as to Southern Mills, not endorse his position as to hook worm, and yet chortle with glee when sanctimonious John D. Rockefeller turned loose a million to be spent in the South.

The Chronicle now says that it simply could not endorse sensational magazine articles about the hook-worm. Neither could we, nor any other even slightly informed Southern man. At the same time, the Rockefeller donation was just in line with this sort of hysteria; whereas, Dr. Stiles simply diagnosed a condition and gave the facts to the world as to the hook-worm, as afterwards he gave facts to the world regarding the cotton mill. What Dr. Stiles said in favor of mill conditions was, in fact, based upon what he knew about hook worm conditions on tenant farms. He simply expressed his preference for the lesser of two evils—the necessary one, fortunately, the lesser one. The way we viewed the Rockefeller incident was that a condition which the South had neglected to deal with laid the South open to a sort of patronizing charity it was powerless to refuse; the Chronicle considers that the gift was given in a good cause—in which it only half-way believes—and that, in any event, the million dollars was a good thing.

Considering the fact that we despair of any of the million and are in hopes of escaping the hook-worm, we will let it rest here.

RAISE THE "MAINE."

It is to be hoped that the proposed bill appropriating money to raise the wreck of the "Maine" will pass Congress without opposition. With the lapse of time to the cooling point of reflection it is seen with ever increasing clearness that the cause of the catastrophe which resulted in the Spanish war is practically the mystery today that it was on February 15, 1898. In the light of popular feeling at that time, together with the report that the battleship was sunk either by a mine or torpedo, war was inevitable. Since the war, however, there has been a growing uneasiness, by reason of the refusal of this government to make certain the report, or discredit it, that the facts may show that the immediate cause of the war was an accident instead of a crime. The delay and hesitancy in putting the matter to the test lay this country open to the suspicion of the world.

It now seems that ample time has elapsed for justice to be done with all calmness. Whatever the facts as disclosed by the raising of the wreck, the American people and the world at large will now admit that the war was salutary on general principles. If it be shown that the Maine was indeed "blown up" from the outside, the action of this country will be doubly justified; while, if it appears that the sinking of the vessel was caused by an internal explosion, the suspicion of treachery and dishonor will be removed from the record of Spain—a vindication to which it is surely entitled, if indeed the facts show such suspicion to have been unfounded.

Since the Spanish war the American nation, in the Philippines, at Panama, and in Nicaragua, has already so far departed from a once boasted quality of particular morals as to render entirely harmless anything which an investigation of the Maine incident may now disclose.

COMMANDER HETHERINGTON.

Reference is made in another column of The Star, to a conference of our excellent Board of Commissioners of Navigation and Pilotage for the Cape Fear river and bars, with Commander J. H. Hetherington, U. S. N., retired, the courteous and efficient inspector of the Sixth Lighthouse District, from which it appears that a fine spirit of harmony and good will prevailed.

Without intending any reflection upon the service of previous appointees of the Washington Lighthouse Board, there has been a well grounded feeling by our Cape Fear representatives that their appeals to Charleston for aid to navigation were positively or comparatively ignored.

This feeling was happily removed by the cordial response of Admiral Marix, to the personal appeal of the chairman of the Board of Commissioners, with that of Senator Overman, for a new light-ship on Frying Pan shoals, and by Commander Hetherington's prompt and polite correspondence, with respect to better lights on the river and a re-arrangement of the buoys and ranges.

It was therefore with sincere regret that the Commissioners received from Commander Hetherington on yesterday his personal intimation that he would shortly retire from the service.

On parting with the commander, the board emphasized its distinguished consideration, by a rising vote of thanks and, after his departure, a resolution authorizing the chairman to provide for presentation to Captain Hetherington a suitable testimonial of the esteem of the board, was unanimously adopted.

The death of D. O. Mills is described as having been "sudden" aetat 84. Under such circumstances few men would object to a quick demise.

Mayor Gaynor, who has scarcely given a Tammany man an office of importance, evidently considered that he had fully repaid Charles F. Murphy when he handed him a bouquet. But then Murphy, who started as commissioner of docks, was never fond of gardenias.

Representative Adair attacked the President's personal "extravagance" in "burning words". All such sensation mongers seem to forget that the head of a nation partakes of the greatness of the nation itself. The scale of living in Indiana may be high among the high brows, but it is properly not as high as it is at the White House.

The New York City "fusion" comptroller has issued an edict forbidding "joy riding" in the city's automobiles and requiring employes to have time cards showing the hours at which they come and those at which they leave. Under such circumstances it almost seems that the holding of a city job will be complicated with the unpleasant necessity of working at, as well as for it.

Inclined as we were to "view with alarm" the disappearance into private conference of one President of the United States with seven presidents of railroads, we are sorry that Mr. Taft changed his mind about splitting that message in two. Interstate commerce and trust law amendments in one burst of eight thousand words recalls the inundations with which "my policies" used frequently to swamp the linotypes.

No Entanglement Here.

The Wilmington Star copies from The Chronicle's endorsement of Dr. Stiles' position in regard to child labor and the Southern cotton mills, but cannot understand why the Chronicle is "not yet quite prepared to go into partnership with him on the hook-worm enterprise." It recalls that "it was only recently that The Chronicle was welcoming the Rockefeller donation", which is only the half truth. We congratulated the man who had rubbed the rabbit foot so successfully upon John D., and hoped he would repeat the process and get another million to put into circulation in the South. We recognized the hook-worm as merely an agency to this good end. We had never admitted that the hook-worm situation in the South was such as to justify the sensational magazine articles and the consequent bad advertisement of the South. The Chronicle is quite willing to join Dr. Stiles, or anybody else, in any legitimate enterprise to bring money South—and we know that Rockefeller's money will be put to good use—but the sensational exploitation of Southern conditions is the enterprise this paper stands out against. The Star invited the Chronicle "to give an illustration of its well-known ingenuity in finding a way out of its own entanglement." Now, it would be pleasing to have The Star point out wherein in this particular case, The Chronicle is involved in self-entanglement. It is a bald, flat-footed, outspoken advocate of taking all the money that is offered the South with honest intentions, and if Rockefeller had been convinced that the hook-worm situation was worth a million of his dollars, we could not see where we had any cause to quarrel with him.—Charlotte Chronicle.

Lee in the Hall of Fame.

When Grant was on his sick-bed in 1885 the letters of sympathy and tributes of esteem he received from men of all parties and of every creed, from Confederate and Union soldiers alike, so affected him that in penning the last pages of his "Memoirs" he declared his belief that the war was finally over and that "we are on the eve of a new era when there is to be great harmony between Federal and Confederate."

Yet a quarter of a century later, when a new generation is on the stage, when the North and South are united in common interests and aims, when the issues for which men fought and died have receded into the dim past, the proposal to place a statue of the Confederacy's great soldier in the Washington Hall of Fame creates a riot in a Chicago Grand Army post, provokes hisses and cries of "traitor" for a former Union officer who urges this action and precipitates a new quarrel between the survivors of the great conflict.

Is this the progress made in fraternity in the 25 years since Grant's death? That stubborn fighter but magnanimous victor would have been the first to approve of the posthumous honor to his rival, whose eminence as a soldier and greatness as a citizen no one now disputes and whose renown grows with the years.—New York World.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Wilmington Star wants to know what The Observer means by saying "quite unique". We don't remember any such slip and The Star doesn't name the place, but let a plea of guilty be entered, all the same.—Charlotte Observer.

The cotton crop this year is 20 per cent. less than last year and the price is 75 per cent. higher. This should teach the South not to grow a bumper crop. It gets more money for a ten million bale crop than it would get for a fourteen million bale crop.—News and Observer.

"What does the Democratic party need?" is a live question, if we are to judge from the attention given it by some of our contemporaries. What does the stout gentleman who is at sea for the first time need when he arises from dinner and wends his way slowly to the ship's rail?—Charleston News and Courier.

One thing that every man in Pitt county should advocate this years is good roads. It is campaign year, and such interest ought to be awakened that the next legislature will be asked to authorize the county to vote on the question of issuing sufficient bonds to build a system of good roads all over the county.—Greenville Reflector.

Farman, whether Frenchman or Englishman, holds the record for human flight. His achievement was 144 miles, which won the Michelin cup as well as the record for the world. In 1908 it was necessary for Wilbur Wright to fly only half so far in order to win the record. In 1910 it will probably be necessary for the successful aviator to soar at least 500 miles.—Columbia State.

Those who have cried out for the vengeance of the law on Morse, the former banker and ice king, must feel a measure of satisfaction in the humiliation visited upon him by the authorities of the Federal prison in Atlanta. He was welcomed and treated just like any other dog of a prisoner would have been and was at once and unceremoniously placed on a level with all of them.—Charlotte Chronicle.

A "general smile in the court room" followed the declaration by W. Gould Brokaw that he is a poor man, after admitting being worth $1,600,000. But Brokaw is doubtless cramped for money. He can not travel in the same class with dozens of his acquaintances, some of whom have annual incomes exceeding his entire capital. Mrs. Brokaw is suing for $60,000 alimony, which is equal to the income, at 4 per centum, on $1,500,000. So relatively speaking, Brokaw may with reason consider himself a poor man. He would be a big fish in a pond, but he is swimming in the ocean. But at that he has far too much money for his brain capacity.—Columbia State.

When Dr. Cook came back from the Arctic circle he told John R. Bradley, his backer, that his name would be on the map permanently thereafter; that he had discovered a new land in the frozen regions and named it "Bradleyland," in honor of his benefactor. That pleased Mr. Bradley immensely, of course. Almost any man might be excused for wishing to have his name on the map permanently. Now, however, Mr. Bradley is in doubt. He doesn't know hether "Bradleyland" has any actual existence. To settle the question he may have to finance another expedition. If he does, it is the one best bet that Dr. Cook will have nothing to do with it.—Savannah News.

There has been a notable death roll during the year just ended. It would take columns to give the names of those who have left this earth after making a marked impress upon it. Some of the most notable were: Marion Crawford, Lombroso, Swinburne, Meredith, King Leopold, Richard Watson Gilder, Hinton Rowan Helper, John S. Kennedy, Joseph Wharton, Prince Ito, Gov. Johnson, Gens. Howard, Otis, Corbin and Drum, Justice Peckham, Admiral Cervera, Theodore Barth, Edward Everett Hale, Dr. Theodore Cuyler, E. H. Harriman, H. H. Rogers, Mme. Modjeska, Constant Coquelin, and Alexander K. McClure. These are but a few of the notables who have crossed the great river, but who have enriched the world by their labors in many ways.—Savannah News.

The Spartanburg Herald seems to regret the supplanting of Mr. Roosevelt by Mr. Taft for one reason, if for no other. It thinks that the present incumbent of the executive chair is not as good a judge of whiskey as was his predecessor. It says that Mr. Taft's answer to the question: "What is whiskey?" will not carry the weight that would have attached to a definition by the preceding occupant of the executive office. It gives a very lame reason, however, for its opinion when it says that Mr. Taft is a teetotaler, whereas Mr. Roosevelt knew a good cocktail when he tasted it. Have we come to that point that the qualifications for President of this great and glorious country are to be settled by men's ability to judge of cocktails and their judgments to be rated according to public knowledge of their acquaintance with this special beverage?—Charlotte Observer.

New Idea 10c paper patterns.
New Idea Fashions.
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THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE
THE FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE.

Heavy Cotton or Wool Sweaters.
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Special Offerings For This Week!

$1,25 heavy Comfort, this week 98c
$2.00 heavy Comfort, this week $1.48
$3.50 heavy, extra fine Comfort, this week $2.98
$1.00 grey Blankets, good size, this week 75c
$2.00 white Blankets, full size, this week $1.48
$5.00 white wool Blankets, full size, this week $3.75
$5.00 pink and white and green and white plaid wool Blankets, this week $3.98

Great bargains in Ladies' Cloaks, Furs, Heavy Wool Skirts.
Great values this week in Wool and Cotton Remnants.

Happy New Year!

I wish to thank my friends and customers for their liberal patronage during the year just closed, and trust our business relations in future will continue to be pleasant and profitable to each of us.

J. W. BROOKS
Wholesale Grocer. — Wilmington, N. C.

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SPECIAL VALUES FOR CHRISTMAS.

Here's the place and now's the time to meet the size of your pocketbook. We have had made for us especially cigars in boxes of 25-5c for $1.00 per box; 25-10c cigars, $2.00; up to 20c each, or $4.50 per box
Best cigars obtainable at their several prices. Lots of beautiful Xmas presents—Rubber Gloves, Perfumery, etc.
Come here and buy your Xmas goods and vote for the piano. Look at the list of participants:

Miss Lena McKenzie	1,189	Miss Annie Banks	320
Delgado Sunday School	222	Miss Rosa May Furlong	353
Y. M. C. A.	1,040	Miss Lillian Bannerman	2,652
Miss Thelma Fillyaw	785	Brotherhood Railway Clerks.	359
Major Johnson	206	Miss Lydia Davis	240
Miss Fenley, for Hospital	209	Miss Lillian Vaughn	261
Mrs. C. Williams	2,502	W. E. Jays	321
St. John's Sunday School	2,686	Miss Mallie Houston	977
Miss Viola East	311	Fenley Bros.	1,649
D. Hendricks	217	Naval Reserves	206
First Presbyterian S. S.	207		

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Pale Export BEER

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.
4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $3.00.
10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $7.50.
DARLEY PARK BREWING COMPANY
G. MORGAN KNIGHT, Manager. PETERSBURG, VA.

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Now Is the Time to Advertise in The Morning Star

SCHOOL FUND APPORTIONED

By Strict Economy Amount in Hand With That in Sight Will be Sufficient to Run Schools For Full Term.

Prof. Washington Catlett, county superintendent of public instruction, yesterday completed the apportionment of the available school fund to the various schools of the county. The apportionment was on a basis of $1.17 per capita according to the school census, which shows that there are 7,693 children in the county between the ages of six and 21 years.

As stated a few days ago County Treasurer H. McL. Green reported $28,020.24 in the general school fund, of which amount $17,522 had been overdrawn, leaving a balance available to be apportioned $10,497.95. Of this amount $1,497.95 was reserved for the contingent fund, leaving $9,000 to be divided among the schools. Of the total number of school children in the county 5,934 reside in the city and the bulk of the $9,000, therefore, goes to the city schools.

The apportionment is as follows:

Wilmington Township—District 1, $3,403; No. 2, $3,539, a total of $6.942.

Cape Fear Township—District 10, $160; No. 12, $70; No. 6, $180, a total of $410.

Federal Point—District No. 8, $160; No. 9, $170, a total of $330.

Masonboro—District No. 4, $160; No. 3, $160; No. 16, $80, a total of $400.

Harnett Township—District No. 7, $160; No. 13, $160; No. 11, $155; No. 5, $170; No. 14, $165; No. 15, $108, a total of $918.

The school law requires that the apportionment be based upon the amounts actually received by the county treasurer from all sources and reported by him to the county board of education, and not upon what it is expected to receive. All the taxes for 1909 have not been collected and the board is satisfied that there will be enough money to run all the schools the usual length of time. Yet there is great necessity for strict economy. As will be recalled all the available money was spent last year and the city schools started without a cent in the treasury. The board of education may make other apportionments as the money comes in and as it becomes necessary. It is hoped to receive enough from the taxes to continue all of the schools the full length of time and have a comfortable balance at the beginning of the next term. During the past year improvements that were absolutely necessary were made in the city schools and some of the rural schools costing several thousand dollars, the improvements being largely responsible for the great sum overdrawn during the year.

INEXCUSABLE ERROR.

Serious Blunder in Names of Couples Married Tuesday Night.

That mistakes will occur "in the best regulated families" even is an accepted fact. It is equally true that errors will occasionally creep into newspaper articles. Sometimes there is plausible excuse but ofttimes there is none. One of those inexcusable errors appeared yesterday morning in connection with two marriages performed within an hour by Rev. W. I. Rexford, pastor of Bladen Street Methodist church. In writing the article the names were confused. The names were right in the head, but it was in the text of the article that the ridiculous error occurred. Mr. James H. Wright and Mrs. Mary A. Russell were happily married at the home of the bride, 109 Magnolia avenue, at 8 o'clock ,and at 9 o'clock Mr. Spencer D. Bryant, a prominent young business man, and Miss Annie Estelle Cromwell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cromwell, were joined in marriage, the ceremony being performed at Bladen Street parsonage. Mr. Bryant conducts a store at corner of Eighth and Harnett streets and has a wide circle of friends. He and his attractive birde will reside there. The error in the first story is deeply regretted, but there is no use of apology here, the writer of the article, who is also the writer of this, was made aware of his blunder and got all that was coming to him in the way of humiliation.

STEAMERS ARE OVERDUE.

Those From Hamburg Probably Encountered Severe Weather.

Two steamers from Hamburg, Germany, December 7th and 10th, respectively, are a week or more overdue and it is believed they encountered severe weather in making the passage across. The steamers are the Mariner and Secalia with fertilizer constituents for the port of Wilmington. Steamers from Hamburg usually make the voyage to this port in about three weeks. The Mariner was reported Monday at Bermuda Islands, where she is receiving coal. It is evident that they were caught in one of the severe storms during the latter part of December. Both will likely arrive the latter part of this week. Two other steamers bound from Hamburg for this port are the Phoenix and Wilster.

Death of Little Son.

Friends of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Whaley deeply sympathize with them in the death of their little son, Harry, which occurred at the family residence, 811 Grace street, at 2:05 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The little one was one year and three months old. The funeral services will be held from the residence at 12 o'clock today, conducted by Rev. W. E. Cox, rector of St. John's Episcopal Church, and the interment will be in Bellevue cemetery.

Cutter Clears Today.

The revenue cutter Seminole clears today for a cruise of a few days over her territory along the North Carolina coast. She remained in port during the first few days of the present week for necessary repairs, not having to respond to the assistance of any vessel along the coast. The cutter will be gone probably five days.

NAVIGATION AND PILOTAGE

Regular Monthly Meeting Yesterday. Commander Hetherington Sat With Board and Discussed Ranges and Lights.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Commissioners of Navigation and Pilotage was held yesterday, with the following present: Chairman James Sprunt, Commissioners H. W. Malloy, J. W. Harper and M. C. Guthrie and Clerk L. Brown McKoy.

Minutes of meeting of December 3rd were read and approved. Commander J. H. Hetherington, Inspector of the Sixth Lighthouse District, of Charleston, S. C., who was in Wilmington on official business, sat with the Board and discussed fully with the commissioners the matter of lights, ranges, buoys, etc.

After considering carefully the advisability of changing the position of some of the buoys near the bar, it was finally suggested by Commander Hetherington and approved by the commissioners and by a representative of the pilots who was present at the meeting, that buoy No. 4 1-2 be moved about 1,800 feet to the westward from its present position and placed in 25 feet of water, to mark the turn from the new channel range to the Bald Head range; also that buoy No. 5 be moved from its present position and be placed in about 21 feet of water, about half way between the position of buoy No. 4 1-2 and buoy No. 6. The chairman was accordingly requested to write to Commander Hetherington an official letter, requesting the above changes, and the commander promises to submit the matter to the proper authorities in Washington with the recommendation that the desired changes be ordered. It is probable that there may be some little delay in the matter, but the commissioners hope to have the buoys moved within the next thirty days.

In the matter of the grounding of the schooner Hall by Pilot Thompson, about which the chairman has been in correspondence, it was ordered that Messrs. C. D. Maffitt & Company, agents of the Hall, be requested to pay to Pilot Thompson the pilotage charges which have been held up, covering the inward pilotage on the schooner, but, in view of the reports of the grounding, made to the board in writing by Pilot Thompson and by the master of the schooner Hall, that Pilot Thompson be suspended for thirty days from the date of the meeting, January 5th, 1910.

In the matter of the report of Pilot T. M. Morse, of the repeated grounding of the British steamer Kenley, while in his charge and proceeding up the Cape Fear river on December 21st and 22nd, the commissioners investigated the report of the Board of Survey, legally appointed, who examined the steamer Kenly, and who stated in part in their report that "the steering gear quadrant, chains and buffers were found to be strained and the shackles broken, and the quadrant guide damaged", bearing out Pilot Morse's statement that the steering gear was defective, and in view of the fact that no oral nor written charges had been made by the captain of the Kenly against the pilot, no further action was taken in regard to the matter.

In the matter of the communication of Pilots Pepper, Newton and St. George, with reference to the permission of the chairman to Pilot Morse that he use the official number of the pilot boat "Oelrichs" for special service in another boat for piloting, it was decided by the board that this permission be disapproved, inasmuch as it appears that the boat referred to and which was used for the special pilotage is also used for other purposes than those of pilotage. Under the rules of the board a licensed pilot boat cannot be used in competition with other boats, or for pay, in carrying passengers or freight or for towing purposes.

Port Wardens E. D. Williams, L. H. Skinner and W. N. Harriss, whose terms of office had expired on December 31st, were unanimously re-appointed for the year 1910, and the clerk was instructed to notify them accordingly.

WERE MARRIED YESTERDAY.

Mr. Charley Darbin Tew and Miss Gabrielle Murray Wed.

Justice G. W. Bornemann yesterday morning officiated at the marriage of Mr. Charley Darbin Tew and Miss Gabrielle Murray, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Murray, of Harnett township, the ceremony being performed at the home of the young lady at Carolina Heights. Mr. and Mrs. Tew will reside in Wilmington. Tew is the young man arrested in Waycross, Ga., and brought to this city to answer the charge of seduction. The marriage ended the case so far as the courts were concerned. The justice said that the meeting of the couple was touching.

COTTON STEAMER CLEARS.

Hyperia Sails For Bremen Today—Has Large Cargo of Staple.

The last cotton steamer in port, the British steamer Hyperia, Capt. Enos, cleared yesterday and sails this morning for Bremen. She carries cargo of 15,361 bales, valued at $1,150,000.

The Hyperia has one of the largest cargoes of the season from Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son. She has been in port for some time on account of the small receipts of the staple. Several other steamers for cotton are expected during the month of January.

BIG DEAL IN REAL ESTATE.

Alderman B. O. Stone Purchases Property on Eighth and Market.

It is understood that a real estate deal was consummated yesterday through the real estate and rental agency of Mr. W. M. Cumming by which Alderman B. O. Stone purchased from Mr. J. A. Montgomery a lot on corner of Ninth and Market streets. The property fronts about 60 feet on Market and has a depth of 110 feet. The property has a store and dwelling on it. It was understood that Mr. Stone paid in the neighborhood of $8,000 for the property.

BIG PYTHIAN CELEBRATION

Installation Tonight of Newly Elected Officers of Six Lodges, Followed by Elaborate Banquet in Masonic Temple.

The joint installation of the newly elected officers of the four Wilmington lodges and those of Delgado and Cronly in Castle Hall tonight, followed by an elaborate banquet in the Masonic Temple, promises to be the biggest event in local Pythian circles in many months.

The committee in charge of arrangements completed the programme at 10 o'clock last night and everything is now in readiness for the celebration. The installation exercises will begin in Castle Hall, over the Murchison National Bank, at 8 o'clock, and will be opened by Jefferson Lodge No. 61, Mr. W. W. Love Chancellor Commander, following which the newly elected officers of the six lodges will be formally inducted into office by Thos. D. Meares, Jr., Esq., Deputy Grand Chancellor Commander for the first district. The following are the lodges whose officers will be installed: Stonewall, No. 1; Clarendon, No. 2; Germania, No. 4; Jefferson, No. 61; Cronly, No. 192, and Delgado, No. 195. The exercises will be closed in due form by Jefferson lodge, after which the Pythians will adjourn to the banquet hall of Masonic Temple, where an elaborate banquet will be served. The hall will be prettily decorated, the color scheme being red, yellow and blue, symbolic of the order. Col. Walker Taylor will act as toastmaster. After a selection by the always pleasing Acme Male Quartette Rev. K. D. Holmes, pastor of Fifth Street Methodist Church, will offer prayer. Toasts will be responded to as follows:

"Pythianism from a Banker's Standpoint," Mr. C. N. Evans, cashier of the Southern National Bank and a member of Jefferson Lodge.

"Our Pythian Home," Mr. G. Herbert Smith, of Cronly Lodge, and a member of the board of directors of the Pythian Orphanage.

"Why Pythianism Attracted Me," C. C. Loughlin, Esq., of Clarendon Lodge, and a prominent young member of the local bar.

Impromptu remarks will be made by representatives of Germania, Delgado and other lodges.

Any visiting Pythians in the city tonight are most cordially invited to attend the installation exercises and the banquet following and may be assured of a most hearty welcome by their Wilmington brethren.

There are some 400 or 500 Pythians in Wilmington and it is believed that the attendance will be large.

The committee in charge of the arrangements is composed of Mr. Jere Holmes, of Stonewall Lodge, Mr. W. M. Branch, of Clarendon, Mr. L. B Rogers, of Jefferson, and Mr. T. A. Compton, of Delgado.

BROKE UP ENTERTAINMENT.

Four Young Negro Men Arrested Yesterday on Serious Charge.

Charged with disturbing a Christmas entertainment at the East Wilmington colored school on Monday night, December 27th, Robert David Willie, James May, Jr., Granville Williams and Adrian McDonald, colored, were arrested at noon yesterday by Constable W. B. Savage on warrants from Justice George Harriss, sworn out at the instance of the New Hanover County Board of Education, the members of which say they will not tolerate any rowdyism around the public school houses of the county while school is in progress or while any form of entertainment is being given.

The negroes, all of whom are grown and sons of respectable men of the community, will be tried before Justice Harriss at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon and J. O. Carr, Esq., chairman of the County Board of Education, will be on hand to prosecute. The defendants were released, their fathers agreeing to have them present at the investigation.

According to the report of the affair that reached the office of the Board of Education the entertainment had to be abandoned on account of the conduct of the defendants. It was reported that just before the exercises began a number of young negroes congregated on the outside of the building and exploded numerous firecrackers, and at the hour appointed for the entertainment the teacher in charge of the school asked them to desist from making a noise and go inside. A number went in the building but several remained on the outside and continued to use explosives. A large canton cracker was thrown through the door and exploded just before it struck the floor. The boys ran off, but returned a few minutes later, singing and shooting firecrackers. One of the number threw a giant canton cracker through a window and the explosion was so great that every light in the building went out, and it might be stated parenthetically that most of those assembled for the exercises went out also, losing very little time in doing so. This last act broke up the affair, the terrified negroes returning to their homes.

The defendants are indicted under Section 3838 of the Revisal and final disposition is in the jurisdiction of a magistrate.

JOINT INSTALLATION TONIGHT.

Juniors Arrange for a Big Celebration. Addresses and Supper.

A joint installation of newly elected officers of Jeff Davis Council, No. 63, and George Washington Council, No. 67, Jr., O. U. A. M., will be held tonight and promises to be a most interesting occasion. A joint committee has been at work several days making arrangements for the event. After the installation, several addresses will be made and supper served. The committee in charge proposes to make this one of the biggest occasions in the history of the order in this city.

A DELICIOUS FLAVOR may be obtained for every dainty by using SAUER'S FLAVORING EXTRACTS

The Theatre

Tonight the Academy will offer one of the most brilliant attractions in Wilmington's theatrical history. It will be the appearance of the noted and brilliant Lillian Russell, who will be seen with an all-star company, headed by Digby Bell, in Geo. V. Hobart's great laugh success, "The First Night." The sale of seats commenced at the Crystal Palace yesterday and is already large. The well known actress, who is visiting Wilmington this season as the only place in North Carolina should be greeted by a "standing room only" audience, and, no doubt, will be.

In "The First Night" the fair Lillian has met with an unusually big success. It is attuned to the public taste in that it was built entirely for laugh provoking purposes and accomplishes that mission in every detail. Miss Russell has shown unexpected talents as a comedienne and her delightful work in this character is a revelation. There is a very good reason for the same, however. The piece tells of a young woman's efforts to have a comic opera which she has composed given a successful production. This adventure leads her into many ridiculously funny situations and makes the audience laugh heartily. Lillian Russell was so long identified with the comic opera stage that she knows her locale from every angle and she brings to the part a wealth of personal experiences that are reflected in her embodiment of the central character. In addition to her work, Digby Bell, another former favorite of comic opera, plays the leading comedy role and Miss Russell is further supported by such well known people as Julius McVicker, Albert Andruss, Sydney Booth, Geo. E. Mack, Ben Turbett, Susanne Westford, Millicent Evans, Leonora Oakford and Saidee Williams.

The piece is stunningly staged as it lends itself to ornate embellishments for a comedy production and a detail of feminine interest will be the gowns worn by the star.

"The Prince Chap."

Mr. Elliott Dexter will make his first bow here as a star in his own right next Monday night when he comes to the Academy in the romantic comedy success, "The Prince Chap," by Edward Peplo, who has given some excellent dramatic offerings to the American stage, and his ventures are always characterized by excelent acting casts, complete productions and careful stagings, so that Mr. Dexter's present vehicle carries recommendation with it, which is confirmed by exchanges received from newspapers in other cities, which accord glowing praise to the star, play, company and production embraced in this attraction. The play is particularly praised for its strong human appeal, its pure intent and moral tone and the beautiful and tender sentiment that forms the basis and fabric of its plot. Seats will go on sale Saturday morning.

New Bill Today at Palace.

The Crystal Palace will today present a change of programme, commencing with the first afternoon performance, and the new bill will undoubtedly be a good one. The different artists appearing this week promise something brand new and decidedly clever, and fun, as before, will hold forth and will tickle Palace-goers immensely. The artists appearing this week at the Palace are clever ones and have gone to make up a week that has been a big one from an artistic success and that will be big from a financial viewpoint, if the present pace keeps up.

At the Bijou Today.

The management of the Bijou announces another attractive bill for today. "The Light That Came", a romance of a blind musician, "Red Wing's Gratitude," and "Too Many on the Job", are the titles of the pictures that will be shown. They are all unusually attractive and will be seen with great interest by the many patrons of the resort.

A. C. L. IMPROVEMENTS.

Replacement of Trestles Will be Completed Middle of Next Month.

The Charleston News and Courier of yesterday in speaking of the general railroad improvement in the country says that the replacement of about five and one-half miles of wooden trestles across the Pee Dee, Santee and Savannah rivers in South Carolina by the Atlantic Coact Line Railroad with concrete and steel viaducts, representing the most modern engineering construction, at a cost of approximately one million dollars, is being pushed forward with all possible dispatch, and it is now expected that these permanent improvements over these important rivers will be completed by the middle of February of this year.

The largest trestle of the three in course of construction is the one being built over the Savannah River Swamp, where it will be necessary to replace about four miles of wooden bridge work with concrete and steel. The work of driving the piles in the river and swamp lands has been completed. It is stated that not less than eight thousand piles were sunk into the ground during the past several months. Six pile drivers were used on this task, two of them floating.

The concrete work has also progressed rapidly in the whole swamp, a pier and a pair of pedestals alternating along the whole trestle. The steel girders and other parts of the trestle work proper are now being shipped to the Savannah river, and the work of putting them in place will commence in the near future.

A Wretched Mistake

to endure the itching, painful distress of Piles. There's no need to. Listen: "I suffered much from Piles," writes Will. A. Marsh, of Silver City, N. C., "till I got a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and was soon cured." Burns, Boils, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Eczema, Cuts, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, vanish before it. 25c. at Robert R. Bellamy's.

FIERCE STRUGGLE WITH DOG.

Canine in City Prison on Three Charges—Battle Royal.

Charged with violating a city ordinance by running at large without a muzzle, disorderly conduct and resisting arrest, a demure looking bull-dog is languishing in a cell at the City Hall. The canine was captured early yesterday afternoon by Patrolman W. R. Applebury in a fierce struggle on Market, near Front street, and taken to the hall where serious charges are preferred.

Those who chanced to pass Front and Market streets about 1:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon say they never saw a fiercer struggle between man and dog. It was a battle royal for supremacy, but the policeman finally came out victorious but minus a small quantity of flesh from his left arm, the dog having got in one good stroke with his paw. The officer did not want to shoot the canine and in order to effect the capture without harm to himself he had to struggle as he has not struggled before in many a day. While Officer Applebury was scuffling with the dog Officer Minshue hied himself to a near-by store, where he secured a rope. When he returned Mr. Applebury had the dog on the pavement hard and fast, having succeeded in getting a grip on the canine's throat. No time was lost in fastening two ropes to the dog's collar and the officers went forthwith to the City Hall with their charge, followed by a score or more interested spectators. Officer Applebury had the end of one rope and Officer Minshue the end of another with the dog a safe distance from each, both feeling that it would be a good idea to give the unruly one a wide berth.

The canine was finally landed at the hall and was turned over to the hall officers who lodged him in a colored cell to await developments. Very likely the canine will desire a suit against the officers for putting him in a negro's cell, his color being anything but black. However, that is in the future.

The owner of the dog is as yet unknown. Ownership will be established before the canine is again given his freedom. Should the canine be taken before the Recorder for trial there is no telling what would be his fate. The Recorder has given emphasis to the fact that he has no patience with a defendant who resists arrest. "Wish the Recorder would give the scoundrel three months," said Patrolman Applebury as he exhibited the scratch on his arm and recounted the fierce struggle he had with the dog.

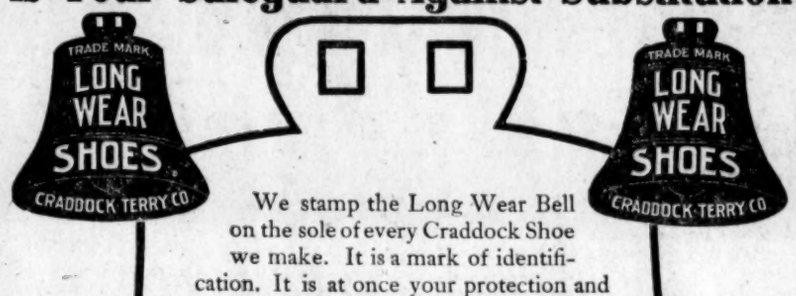
An officer stated yesterday afternoon that owners of bull dogs are not as careful about obeying the city ordinance as they should. He said that any number of dogs have been running at large without a muzzle, but that the carelessness had to be stopped.

Early this morning it was learned that the dog belongs to Mr. W. F. Gilbert, 720 Grace street, who called for him shortly before midnight. Mr. Gilbert stated at the hall that he would be down this morning and settle the charges against the dog.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHE.

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature E. W. GROVE. 25c.

The Bell on the Sole Is Your Safeguard Against Substitution



We stamp the Long Wear Bell on the sole of every Craddock Shoe we make. It is a mark of identification. It is at once your protection and our protection. It stands for honesty of material, honesty of making and the honesty of the dealer. It stands for common, everyday sincerity—the kind that renders a full $3.50 or $4.00 value in exchange for your $3.50 or $4.00.

The CRADDOCK SHOE

$3.50 All Leathers $4.00

is a "square-deal" shoe, and the Bell on the Sole helps you to find it. Once you find it you've found the best shoe that can be made at the price. Any pair of Craddock Shoes will wear 30 days longer than any pair of any other shoes that are sold for $3.50 and $4.00.

Look up your Craddock dealer in your town and get acquainted.

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The Wilmington Shoe Co.

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For years foreign wine makers have been palming off imitation wines upon the American market.

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But you can trust our pure American Wines, made under the U. S. pure food laws and backed by our guarantee.

And the North Carolina Scuppernongs, from which we make our famous wines, are more perfect and finer flavored grapes than any grown in Europe or elsewhere.

Have Bear's Scuppernong upon your sideboard—ready to serve to guests at any time.

SCUPPERNONG. BELL OF CAROLINA.
PORT. SHERRY
BLACKBERRY.

In cases of 12 bottles, (called quarts), one kind or assorted, $7.00 per case, express prepaid, or $6.00, delivered in Wilmington. Apply for descriptive booklet-price list.

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Our business is not affected by the North Carolina Prohibition Law!

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Brief Mention, News of Societies, Meetings, etc

Miss Beulah Rann left yesterday for Louisburg, where she will enter college for the Spring term.

* * *

Preston Cumming, Jr., Esq., has returned to New York City, after spending the holidays here with relatives.

* * *

The North Carolina Sorosis will hold its regular monthly meeting Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Owls' Club rooms.

* * *

Misses Minnie Blalock, of Columbia, S. C., and Sarah Graves, of Decatur, Ga., have returned to their homes, after a pleasant visit here to Miss Etta Brand.

* * *

The regular monthly meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. W. P. Oldham, 213 South Second street. All members are urged to attend.

* * *

Mr. Marion S. Harriss left yesterday for the University of the South, Sewanee, Tenn., to resume his studies after spending the holidays here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Harriss, at The Carolina.

* * *

The annual meeting and social of the Dorcas Society will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Luther Memorial building. Every member is expected to be present. All those who have thank offering envelopes are asked to please bring them to this meeting.

* * *

Mr. E. Piner returned yesterday morning from Davis, Carteret county, where he spent the holidays with his mother, Mrs. Rebecca Piner, who is 83 years old. He was accompanied by his niece, Miss Gracie Arthur, of Morehead City, who will be the guest of Mr. Piner's family for several days.

* * *

A "Moonlight Dance" will be given Friday night by the Kneisel Dancing Academy and promises to be as attractive as the many similar events recently given. The music will be furnished by Kneisel's Orchestra. Mr. Kneisel announced last night that regular dances will be given only Tuesdays and Fridays hereafter.

* * *

The ladies of St. Thomas' Catholic Church gave a most pleasing entertainment in Hibernian Hall yesterday afternoon and last night. Refreshments were served and there was music and dancing. The afternoon's entertainment was arranged especially for the children and a large number attended. Last night the hall was thronged with young people, who made merry until the midnight hour. They danced, engaged in brilliant conversation and took chances in the various contests, all of which proved thoroughly delightful. The affair was a great success in every way. In the voting contest Miss Annie Sheehan won the prize, a handsome gold bracelet.

* * *

Wadesboro, N. C., Jan. 5.—One of the prettiest weddings of the season was solemnized this evening at 6:45 o'clock at the First Baptist church, of this city, when Miss Eranda Covington became the bride of Mr. Larry L. McLendon. The ceremony wac performed by their pastor, Rev. Thos. William Chambliss. Mrs. McLendon is the charming and accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Covington. She was educated at Meredith College, Raleigh, and the Woman's College, Richmond, Va. Mr. McLendon, the son of Dr. and Mrs. W. J. McLendon, of this city, is a young man of exceptionally fine character. He was educated at the A. & M. and Wake Forest colleges and is one of the most up-to-date and prosperous young farmers of this section of the State. The popularity of both bride and groom was attested by the numerous and handsome presents which they received. Mr. and Mrs. McLendon left immediately after the ceremony on an extended trip South and on their return they will make their home in this city.

* * *

POPULAR COUPLE UNITED IN MARRIAGE YESTERDAY.

Mr. John William Frederick, a popular young man of this city, and Miss Ada Vivian Robbins, a charming daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Robbins, were united in marriage at the home of the bride, No. 12 Queen street, overlooking the Cape Fear river, at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, the impressive ceremony being performed by Rev. W. A. Snyder, pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran church. The wedding is of much interest to a wide circle of friends and was attended by a number of relatives and friends.

The bride was attired in a blue coat suit with hat and gloves to match, and carried a bouquet of white and pink carnations. The maid of honor, Miss Ruth L. Robbins, sister of the bride, wore blue silk and carried a bouquet of carnations. Mrs. M. L. Hargrove, sister of the groom, was dame of honor. The groom was attended by his best man, Mr. S. Marion Spencer.

Following the ceremony supper was served the bridal party, after which Mr. and Mrs. Frederick drove to the union station, whence they departed on the 7 o'clock train for Northern cities. They go first to New York, where they will be the guests of Mr Geo. W. Quinn. On their return they will stop in Baltimore to spend a few days with Mrs. Irene Raftery, sister of the groom. They will return to Wilmington about the 25th and will be at home at 420 Chesnut street.

Among the out-of-town guests here for the wedding were: Mrs. P. L. Lucas, of East Arcadia; Mr. Louis King, of Turkey, Sampson county; Mr. S. M. Robbins and daughter, Miss Mary, of Southport.

Numerous beautiful and valuable presents attest the popularity of the young couple. One of the prettiest was a silver service, the gift of the Marine Engineers' Beneficial Association, No. 71, of which Mr. Frederick is president, an office he has held for two terms. Mr. Frederick is an engineer on the government boat "Mercur" and is one of the most popular young men of the city with a wide circle of friends. His bride is an attractive young lady and her friends are limited only by her acquaintance. Mr. and Mrs. Frederick have the best wishes of their numerous friends for a long and happy life of wedded bliss.

* * *

REV. DR. A. D. McCLURE SELECTED AS THE ORATOR.

Cape Fear Chapted, United Daughters of the Confederacy, met in special session at the W. L. I. armory at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon for the purpose of making final arrangements for the observance of the birthday anniversary of General Robert E. Lee January 19th. Mrs. Wm. Parsley, the retiring president, presided, and Mrs Cuthbert Martin, the retiring secretary, recorded the minutes of the meeting. There was an unusually large attendance and the reports from the various committees appointed at the last meeting showed that the details for the celebration had been carefully looked after.

The birthday anniversary will be observed by Cape Fear Chapter as formerly with luncheon for the veterans in the Masonic Temple at 1 o'clock and exercises in the Academy of Music at 3 o'clock. It is expeted that there will be about 150 veterans to attend the luncheon. A feature of the luncheon is the distribution of pipes and tobacco after the repast and it is a pleasure to see the old soldiers puff away on their pipes and hear them tell interesting stories incident to the conflict. From the Masonic Temple the veterans will march to the Academy of Music. The Daughters will assemble at the W. L. I. armory, where they will be called for by an escort from the Cape Fear Camp of Veterans, and march to the opera house. Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, the able pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, has been secured as the orator of the occasion. General James I. Metts will be master of ceremonies and will probably present the speaker. The Daughters consider themselves fortunate in securing Dr. McClure's acceptance of the invitation to deliver the address on this occasion and he will be heard with much pleasure. Rev. K. D. Holmes, pastor of Fifth Street Methodist Church, will offer prayer. Both the Masonic Temple banquet hall and the Academy of Music will be elaborately decorated Mrs. John T. Rankin is chairman of the committee in charge of the decorations at the Masonic Temple and Mrs. Cuthbert Martin of the committee in charge of the decorations at the Academy of Music, which assures the successful carrying out of this part of the programme. The exercises at the Academy will include selections by the orchestra and several vocal numbers.

"JUDGE" PLAYS FOR RECORD.

His Accordeon Selections May Now be Heard by Friends at Will.

At the earnest solicitation of numerous friends Justice G. W. Bornemann consented Tuesday night to play his accordeon and sing some songs for reproduction on phonograph records, which were ready for service yesterday. The records were made by J. W. Robinson & Co., agents for the Edison machine, and the justice invited several friends to hear the phonograph run off his selections. The justice is a master of the accordeon and can have a large audience every time he cares to play. Owing to the large amount of business he has to transact the justice finds it impossible to play every time he is asked to and probably it is his intention to present a record or two to each of his most intimate friends in order that they may enjoy his fine selections at will. Any friends who want to hear the selections reeled off on the phonograph may have their desire gratified by calling on the justice and he will accompany them to an Edison machine.

INCREASE OF WAGES.

Report as to All Employes of Atlantic Coast Line Unfounded.

A report that the Atlantic Coast Line, effective January 1st, had granted an increase of wages to all employes of the system, gained wide currency both in unofficial circles at the general offices here yesterday and also at Charleston and other principal points in Coast Line territory.

An official of the company, in a position to know, said last night that he knew of no such general increase and stated that the report perhaps gained currency from the fact that on January 1st, switchmen and certain trainmen in the service had received an increase more commensurate with the cost of living, but that he knew of no such general increase as was reported unofficially about the offices here and elsewhere, adding that he "wished to goodness it were true."

RELIEVES CAPE FEAR BUOYS.

Buoy Tender Cypress Spends Two Days in River Making Repairs.

The buoy tender Cypress has been the past two days in the Cape Fear river relieving buoys with new ones and making minor repairs. After receiving provisions for Frying Pan shoals lightship, she left yesterday afternoon and will make a cruise over the southern portion of the sixth district.

The Cypress on last Monday placed new whistling and bell buoys off the Cape Fear bar, replacing those which have been there for the past year. With new lenses in the lights and better buoys in the Cape Fear river, which have been placed recently, with other improvements on the bar, navigation in the Cape Fear is made much better.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 5.—Two engineers, two firemen and a baggagemaster were injured seriously today, when a local eastbound passenger train on the Baltimore & Ohio and a freight train met in collision at the mouth of a tunnel at West Alexander, Pa., near here. No passengers are reported hurt.

Omaha, Neb. Jan. 5.—At 7 o'clock A. M., the mercury registered ten degrees below zero, the lowest of the Winter in Omaha. Lincoln reported 14 below.

LILLIAN RUSSELL.
At The Academy of Music in "The First Night."

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. Geo. B. Whitted, who has been connected with the Coast Line in this city for some months, left yesterday for his home in Durham, where he will enter school.

—Many friends will regret to learn of the serious illness of Mr. F. W. Ortman, Sr., at his home, 104 North Fifth street. He is a Confederate veteran and is advanced in years. His condition last night was regarded as alarming.

LOCAL DOTS.

—A bunch of keys found on the shell road yesterday morning between the test farm and Delgado, can be obtained by the owner by applying at the test farm.

—The schooner Lottie R. Russell, Capt. James, cleared yesterday for New York with 241,000 feet of lumber from the Hammer Lumber Company; vessel to C. D. Mafflitt.

—There was only one case in the Recorder's court yesterday, the lone defendant being Hattie Williams, colored, charged with disorderly conduct. She was required to pay a fine of $5 and the costs.

—In Justice George Harriss' court late Tuesday afternoon Ralph Kennedy, who conducts a near-beer saloon at Water and Princess streets, submitted to a charge of simple assault upon Oliver Anderson, colored, the day before and was required to pay costs.

—D. L. Washington, colored, was arrested at 11 o'clock last night by Officers Joe Lane and Frank George on the charge of firing a pistol in the street at corner of Sixth and Queen. The negro was drinking and was walking along the street with a man and woman. The woman was also taken to the hall, but later released. She said that Washington did not fire at her or the other man.

—A civil action entitled S. L. Smith & Son against James F. Woolvin was called for trial in Justice Bornemann's court at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The plaintiff is suing for $110.50 alleged to be due for materials used in the construction of the defendant's new building. Herbert McClammy, Esq., represented the plaintiffs. By agreement final adjudication of the differences was left to a referee and the court named Mayor Walter G. MacRae.

BREAK IN COTTON MARKET.

Caused a Sensation in New York Yesterday—Wild Rumors.

New York, Jan. 5.—There was a sensational break in the cotton market late today, with May deliveries selling off to 15.60, or 57 points lower than last night, 64 points below the best level of the day and 86 points, or $4.30 per bale below the high level of the season.

The weakness in the stock market probably contributed to the Wall street selling, but selling orders came from all directions and it looked as though there was a regular panic among longs following the record breaking advances of late years. It was rumored that the cotton interests was unloading and it was also reported that a strong Wall street clique had been formed to depress prices owing to the failure of trade demand to improve as rapidly as expected with the turn of the year.

Today's advices from the South generally were bullish as to the spot situation, but there were rumors of increased offerings which probably aided in precipitating the tremendous liquidation late in the day. The market has been more or less unsettled all the week but the sensational break of today came very suddenly with the market declining over $3 per bale in less than an hour's time. The market closed weak at a net decline of 25 to 58 points with May selling at 15.60, or at the lowest.

It is estimated that the big Southern bulls had bought fully 150,000 bales in an effectual effort to check the decline.

TAFT'S MESSAGE FRIDAY

Further Announcement Made by the President Yesterday.

Washington, Jan. 5.—The further announcement was made at the White House today that President Taft's combined special message on the inter-State commerce and anti-trust laws would not go to Congress until Friday.

It was stated that the President desired that further time should be given for the distribution of the message, which will be sent out in printed form this afternoon. The message transmitting the attorney general's report on the Glavis charges against Secretary Ballinger will be sent to Congress tomorrow instead of Friday.

Malaria Makes Pale Sickly Children The Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria and builds up the system. For grown people and children, 50c.

BLADEN RAILROAD

Ex-Sheriff Geo. B. McLeod, of Robeson, Makes Reply to Circular Letter, Signed by Judge Lyon—Question of Rates, Etc.

To The Voters of Hollow, Bethel and Elizabethtown Townships:

I have before me a circular letter of December 23rd, signed "C. C. Lyon," in which a number of references are made to me and my railroad into Bladen. I take it for granted that you have all seen this letter.

"Don't let this McLeod business fool you," says the Judge, and speaks of me as an outsider and deceiver. Fellow citizens, am I trying to fool you? Am I asking you to do anything that will cost you and your posterity the price of your labor for near half a century to come? I say to you, watch your friends and your enemies will not hurt you.

The judge says again that he knows "this is nothing but the Seaboard trying to defeat our election." He is wrong, very wrong there, for the Seaboard has not a dollar nor will it have a dollar in the construction of my road. The only connection they have in the matter is that I lease my iron through them. I only wish that they were interested with me.

He says again, "They have loaned me some railroad iron." If he terms a contract to lease iron for sixty to ninety years "loaning," then he is correct. If he pleases to call it "loaning," then the nice railroad built in Robeson and Cumberland by the Virginia and Carolina Southern, (and without bond issue, please remember), has also got some borrowed iron, and not only iron but if you will look in Book of Mortgage Deeds No. 15, at page 112, office of the Register of Deeds of Robeson county, you will see there recorded a mortgage on their entire road-bed, iron, rolling stock, engine and cars, railroad stations and in fact everything that the Virginia and Carolina Southern Railroad have in their possession today in the counties of Robeson and Cumberland, or may have in the future in the way of road bed, iron and rolling stock in the county of Bladen which mortgage already covers their proposed road from St. Paul to Elizabethtown. Can you afford to bond your property to build, equip and maintain a railroad which will be a part of a corporation whose road-bed, rails and rolling stock, etc., are now covered by a mortgage for the enormous sum of two million Dollars.

I only cite this to say to the Judge and good tax payers of Bladen that while my iron will be leased, or "borrowed," if you please, that there are others.

They ask you to vote bonds to build a road and connect you with the Virginia and Carolina Southern at St. Pauls and the Judge, your friend, is out advising you to stand by this bond issue while you live and leave an inheritance of debt for generations yet unborn.

Two things I want to speak especially of; one the tax of the road and where it goes, the other is the difference in freight rates at St. Pauls and Lumberton.

Taxes. The Judge says, "the act gives us all the county tax from the railroad and this will make our taxes almost nothing." Fellow tax payers, the amount of county taxes on their nice railroad in Robeson, and this tax includes railroad, rolling stock, depots and everything else, and the county tax per mile according to the statement under seal from the county Auditor, Mr. A. Nash, at Lumberton, is only $4.57 per mile, and if it were true, as the Judge says, that you would get this to reduce your taxes, how far would it go? But I ask you to read for yourself the act, the law referred to by the Judge. You will find it in the Public Laws of 1909 section 282. All you magistrates should have this book.

Freight Rate. Now fellow citizens, there is a reason why the Virginia and Carolina Southern desires their road built to St. Pauls rather than to Lumberton and this reason is a feature, as long-lasting and as burdensome as the bond issue itself. In plain words their reason is that they can charge you a higher rate if the road goes by St. Pauls than if it comes by Lumberton where other roads make competition. In such roads as theirs the law allows them to fix their own rates within certain limits. The freight rate on lumber from St. Pauls to Norfolk is 13 cents per hundred pounds. The freight rate from Lumberton to Norfolk by St. Pauls is 12 cents per hundred pounds. St. Pauls has the higher rate though 14 miles nearer Norfolk, and these same higher rates will apply to all other commodities they may haul. This means a difference of from $4.00 to $6.00 per car on lumber or from $4,000.00 to $6,000.00 per thousand cars. Now if they can get you to vote the bonds of $40,000.00 together with the $80,000.00 interest which they will draw before maturity, and the $12,000.00 they will pay the Sheriff and Treasurer for collecting and disbursing same, making a total of $132,000.00 which it will cost you to have this road built to St. Pauls and not to Lumberton and you further pay them $4.00 to $6.00 per car more for freight than the rate charged at Lumberton then beyond question THEY will have "Railroad and Prosperity" (at your expense.)

The Judge says further that we have no charter for our road. Our only reply to that is that by reference to the Clerk's office in Lumberton and to the office of the Secretary of State in Raleigh you will find on record the certificate of incorporation under the name of "The Lumberton and Elizabethtown Railroad Company." You will also find from this above mentioned record that it is not a tram road, as the Judge would have you believe or a road to be taken up and removed at will, but a road chartered for 60 years for the purpose of carrying freight and passengers from the depot in Lumberton to its destination—Dublin at present—and if the bond issue is defeated, then to Elizabethtown.

Why be in haste to vote these bonds? you have had one election, you can have a dozen more under the same act. Why should this corporation demand bonds at your hands when they build railroads in adjoining counties without them. The railroad people are looking to your undeveloped section, anxious to come, and are coming. My advice to you is to rest on your oars for a few months and my word for it, you will get a railroad without this monster mortgage hanging over you.

Are you not ready, Judge, to turn your face again to your people or to call them together at your county seat and from the bench of justice where it has been our pleasure to seat you and say to them, "Fellow citizens, while we need a railroad and need it badly, yet after proper investigation, I am prepared to say to you that the bond proposition that we are asked to vote upon, we must call off at once, thereby save the expense of this election," or if this is too late, advise them, one and all to drill it at the polls. Respectfully,

GEO. B. McLEOD.

Jan. 6 1t.

TO PORT ROYAL, HO!

Col. Jones May Change Direction of His Transcontinental.

Charlotte, N. C., Jan. 5.—The Chronicle this afternoon prints a special from Wadesboro which states there is renewed interest in the Transcontinental railroad there since news of the recent authorization of a bond issue.

Some time since a mass meeting was held in the interest of a bond issue for the building of the road through Anson county and the citizens were addressed by Col. Jones. Immediately after this meeting the board of county commissioners ordered an election on the question of a bond issue but by some technicality the election was not held. The people here, the correspondent says, would probably vote the bonds but the proposition has not been renewed. Yesterday the correspondent interviewed a prominent citizen who is close to the promoters of the new road and asked him when the election would be held. This gentleman was not willing to be quoted but said he was reliably informed that the promoters of the road were considering a change in route and the possibility of taking the new road to Port Royal, S. C., instead of Southport, N. C. This change would have some advantages to the company but would mean much disadvantage to the county in that it would lose the road. It appears that the decision to change the route has not been made but is under advisement.

FISHERMEN ARE MISSING.

Forty-two Are Believed to Have Perished in the Blizzard.

Canso, N. S., Jan. 5.—Forty-two fishermen are missing and may have perished in the blizzard that has been raging for more than 24 hours. Fourteen men are known almost certainly to have been lost and the remaining 28 already are being mourned, their chance for escape being regarded as small.

The storm Tuesday caught the fishermen all unawares. Lured by a fine morning that promised good fishing the men ventured to the outer edge of the paddock fishing grounds. At noon the storm came up with great rapidity and in a period measured by minutes the ten mile an hour wind was transformed into a gale, the temperature fell many degrees, and thick snow obscured the view so that many of the little craft were unable to make harbor.

Steamers were sent out today to search for the smacks. Several crews, frost bitten from a night of exposure, were picked up, but many are still missing and the chance that they have escaped grows less as the hours pass.

At the entrance to Whitehead harbor a boat from port Felix settlement struck on Dog Fish Rocks and her crew of seven was lost. Another boat, her sail in tatters, was sighted off shore at Canso, but before assistance could put off she was lost from view in the blinding snow. Her crew must have perished.

GINNERS' REPORT ON COTTON

hortage of Nearly Three Million Bales Against Last Season.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 5.—The regular monthly report of the National Ginners' Association, issued tonight, shows that up to January 1st, there have been 9,621,000 bales of cotton ginned this season, nearly 3,000,000 less than ginned last year at the same time.

The Association in its report, estimates that there are still 159,000 bales to be ginned this season.

By States the report and estimate is as follows:

	Ginned.	To be Ginned.
Alabama	1,050,000	7,000
Arkansas	654,000	14,000
Florida	60,000	1,000
Georgia	1,819,000	11,000
Louisiana	255,000	5,000
Mississippi	966,000	24,000
Missouri Virginia and Kentucky	56,000	2,000
North Carolina	606,000	13,000
Oklahoma	564,000	18,000
South Carolina	1,098,000	10,000
Tennessee	226,000	4,000
Texas	2,312,000	50,000
Total	9,261,000	159,000

MACON BANKERS ACQUITTED.

Found Not Guilty of Embezzlement of Funds Last Night.

Macon, Ga., Jan. 5.—Charles P. Bannon and Alexander Wachtel were acquitted tonight shortly before midnight on a charge of embezzlement growing out of the failure of the Exchange Bank of this city. The announcement that the jury had agreed upon a verdict came as a surprise, as the foreman stated to the court at a late hour that an agreement appeared impossible.

PRUDENCE

says buy a bottle of Gowan's Preparation and be prepared for croup, colds, pneumonia, coughs and sore throat. Gowan's prevents and cures by destroying inflammation and congestion. External and penetrating. $1.00, 50c, 25c. All druggists.

THE REASON WHY

Vinol

IS THE BEST STRENGTHENING TONIC

for Feeble Old People, Delicate Children, Weak, Run-down Persons, and to Counteract Chronic Coughs, Colds and Bronchitis, is because it combines the two most world-famed tonics — the medicinal, strengthening, body-building elements of Cod Liver Oil and Tonic Iron, without oil or grease, tastes good, and agrees with every one.

We return your money without question if Vinol does not accomplish all we claim for it.

Robert R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington.

Cut Prices

—IN—

—AT—

PETERSON & RULFS

203 North Front St. Wilmington, N. C.

Heating Stoves!
Heating Stoves!
Heating Stoves!

For

Wood
Wood
Wood

or

Coal
Coal
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Prices $1.50 and upwards.
2,025 of all kinds and descriptions on hand.
Your orders filled promptly here.

N. Jacobi Hardware Co.

THE "Atlantic Inn"

Opposite Union Depot.
European Plan.
Most convenient to traveling men. Elegant rooms, good service, personal attention. Our restaurant service satisfies a large number daily. Why not you?
GIESCHEN BROS., Props.

We wish for all a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK

WANTED

Men to work in Saw Mills and Logging Woods for

The Waccamaw Lumber Co.

at Bolton and Makatoka, N. C.

de 26 10t

MARKET QUOTATIONS

¶ The Latest Reports From the Important Trading Centers and From Local Dealers.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 5.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market, steady 55 1-2 cents.

ROSIN—Market, steady $3.70 per barrel.

TAR—Market, firm $2.00 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm, $2.50 per barrel for hard; $4.00 for dip and $4.00 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 37, rosin $2.65, tar $1.70, crude turpentine $1.75 and $2.75.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	23
Rosin	119
Tar	7
Crude turpentine	6

Receipts, same day last year 30 casks spirits turpentine; 177 barrels rosin; 117 barrels tar; 36 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Quiet 15 1-4 for middling. Quotation corresponding day last year 8 9-16c.

Receipts—131 bales, same day last year 936 bales.

PRODUCE MARKET.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith Jan. 1st.)

PEANUTS—North Carolina prime 65@70; extra prime, 72 1-2; fancy 75@80c; Virginia, prime 65@70; extra prime 75@80c; Spanish $1.00@$1.05.

CORN—Firm 90@95c per bushel for mixed.

N. C. HAMS—Good demand; old hams 18c; shoulders 14@15; sides 14@15c.

EGGS—Dull 27c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Spring 20@30; grown 35@40c; scarce.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-2c per pound.

BEEF CATTLE—Good demand at 2@3 1-2c per pound on foot.

RIDE—Dr. flint 14c; green 9c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Good demand 55@60c per bushel for new yams.

WOOL—Burr 18c.; free of burr 24c.

GEESE—50@55 per head.

PORK—Small 10c per pound; large 9c.

SHEEP—Old no demand; Lambs, dull $1.25@2.50.

TURKEYS—Good demand 15@16c on foot; dressed 18@22c.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Jan. 5.—The cotton market had a very sensational during today's late trading under a panic-stricken liquidation and aggressive pressure with the close weak and closed at a net decline of 28 to 58 points.

The opening was easy at a decline of 5 to 18 points in response to weak cables, scattering liquidation, and local bear pressure. There was a big demand from Southern bulls at 16.05 for May and during the middle of the day market firmed up on this buying, while small shorts aided the advance by covering on the reports of a firm spot situation in the south. But after a rally of 16.24 for May, or to a net advance of about 7 points on the active months, the market weakened again under increased offerings and in the last hour was tremendously active under selling for both accounts.

The weakness in the stock market probably promoted some Wall street selling, the selling by Western houses was accompanied by reports that Mr. Patten and his friends were liquidating their long lines and it seemed as though a few of the Southern bulls were the only buyers left in the market. In less than an hour's trading, May contracts declined over $5 a bale and the rest of the list suffered almost as severely with March selling off to 15.40, May to 15.69 and July to 15.57, or from 50 to 58 points net lower. It was reported that the Southern bulls bought between 150,000 and 200,000 bales of cotton in an effort to check the decline, but last prices were at the lowest. The market has been unsettled for the past two or three days with sellers gaining confidence owing to the failure of trade demand to improve as expected, after the turn of the year but until late today there had been sufficient support to protect the market from any break of consequence. Private advices from the South was generally bullish on the ground that holders were refusing to sell, but the spot markets officially reported were unchanged to 1-8c lower and it is possible that apprehensions of spot weakness, resulting from a slack demand, may have been largely responsible for the severe break.

Receipts at the ports today were 31,731 bales against 30,056 last week and 51,950 last year.

For the week 175,000 bales against 156,847 last week, and 276,918 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans were 8,448 bales against 15,264 last year, and at Houston 4,979 bales against 13,808 last year.

Cotton: Spot closed quiet 10 points lower; middling uplands 15.80; middling gulf 16.05. No sales.

Futures opened easy and closed weak.

Month.	Open	Close.
January	15.58	15.35
February		15.35
March	15.80	15.40
April		15.48
May	16.05	15.69
June	16.00	15.54
July	16.04	15.57
Augusta	15.54	15.22
September		14.99
October	13.63	13.40
November	13.50	13.50
December	13.23	13.10

PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Quiet and weaker, 15 3-4; net receipts 17,287; stock 294,104.

New Orleans—Steady, 15 3-4; net receipts 8,448; stock 178,702.

Mobile—Steady, 15 1-4; net receipts 1,083; stock 35,193.

Savannah—Quiet, 15 3-8; net receipts 2,506; stock 112,580.

Charleston—Steady, 15 3-8; net receipts 224; stock 32,805.

Wilmington—Quiet, 15 1-4; net receipts 131; stock 22,616.

Norfolk—Steady, 15 11-16; net receipts 432; stock 38,043.

Baltimore—Nominal, 15 7-8; stock 12,123.

New York—Quiet, 15.80; net receipts 50; stock 161,807.

Boston—Quiet, 15.80.

Philadelphia—Steady, 16.05; stock 3,292.

Brunswick—Net receipts 1,520.

Total today, at all ports, net receipts 31,731; Great Britain 12,094; Continent 7,313; stock 822,055.

Consolidated, at all ports, net receipts 110,154; Great Britain 22,975; France 3,200; Continent 31,968; Japan 1,360.

Total since September 1st, at all ports, net receipts 5,174,541; Great Britain 1,407,749; France 716,891; Continent 1,567,048; Japan 27,028; Mexico 10,805.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Nominal, 15 9-16; net receipts 4,979; stock 120,880.

Augusta—Steady, 15 13-16; net receipts 235; stock 71,108.

Memphis—Steady, 15 5-8; net receipts 1,302; stock 207,984.

St. Louis—Steady, 15 5-8; net receipts 796; stock 43,580.

Cincinnati—Steady, 15 5-8; net receipts 575; stock 11,231.

Little Rock—Net receipts 1,453; stock 57,381.

Louisville—Quiet, 15 1-4.

Total today—Net receipts 9,234; gross receipts 11,916; shipments 12,340; sales 4,762; stock 512,173.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Jan. 5.—Cotton: Spot moderate business done, prices 8 points lower. American middling fair 8.66; good middling 8.40; middling 8.28; low middling 8.18; good ordinary 7.92; ordinary 7.67.

The sales of the day were 7,000 bales of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 6,400 American. Receipts 28,000 bales including 20,200 American.

Futures opened easier and closed steady. January 8.16 1-2; January and February 8.16 1-2; February and March 8.19 1-2; March and April 8.22 1-2; April and May 8.24; May and June 8.25 1-2; June and July 8.25; July and August 8.24; August and September 7.94 1-2; September and October 7.46 1-2; October and November 7.23 1-2; November and December 7.12 1-2; December and January 7.11 1-2; January and February 7.11.

DICK BROS. & CO., COTTON LETTER.

New York, Jan. 5.—The cotton market has been irregular today but in spite of a sharp drive made by the bears at the opening there has been no real evidence of weakness. It is reported that a strong bear party has been formed for the purpose of breaking the market. Some rumors credit Theo. Price with part of the selling but it appears to be more of a combination of old line spot interests and their following who have been working against the market. Liverpool was heavily sold and there was some enormous selling here around the opening.

The big bulls, however, took cotton in unlimited quantities on the break and the support was so stubborn that early sellers started to cover and the market rallied about 20 points from the low. There is no weakness in the spot situation and the dry goods outlook is far more encouraging with important jobbing interests announcing general advances on staple lines. The market is undoubtedly oversold and thoroughly liquidated. DICK BROS. & CO.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Jan. 5.—The dry goods market are firm but quiet. Jobbers are opening new Spring lines in all departments and are active in making January shipments on old orders. Cotton goods hold firm. Yarns are firm with a tendency to go higher in response to a new schedule of prices adopted by spinner. Cotton baked satins are being bought for Fall delivery. Underwear and hosiery are in good demand but at low prices.

THE STOCK MARKET.

New York, Jan. 5.—Speculative liquidation was renewed in the stock market today with much the same appearance of urgency as on the opening day of the New Year.

Rumors flew thick about the stock exchanged today of the scope and power of the influences being exerted to make effective the desired disapproval of the Rock Island market management. The principal selling of the day was attributed to the retirement of speculative commitments which had been prompted by this disciplinary movement.

An early departure for Europe and a retirement from influential directorates were whispered as amongst the consequences to be involved. The number and variety of these rumors were sufficient, in themselves, to brand them as doubtful and the authoritative denial of some of them confirmed the doubts and pointed to the circulation of them as an attempt to conceal the real motives of the liquidation.

More substantial grounds for the weakness of stocks were found in other factors. For one thing, the unexpected stringency of the money market after the first of the year and the absence of investment demand for stocks growing out of the annual disbursements of profits have proved a disappointment. Large speculative holdings of stocks were held through the latter portion of last year in the face of difficulties, in the hope that conditions would clear with the turn of the year and would awaken a public demand which would afford an advantageous medium for speculative liquidation.

The easing tendency of the call money market was arrested today and the time loan department took on a stronger tone with an active demand for funds.

The course of events at Washington divided attention with the happenings within the financial districts and were given their share of responsibility for the action of the market.

Last prices were about the lowest of the day and the tone was acutely weak when operations were concluded for the day.

Bonds were easy.

Total sales, par value, were $4,960,000. United States 4s coupon declined 1-4 per cent. on call.

Total sales of stocks for the day were 1,245,400 shares.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Jan. 5.—Money on call strong 6 to 8 per cent., ruling rate 7, closing bid 5, offered at 6 per cent. Time loans strong and active, sixty days 4 1-2 to 4 3-4 and ninety days 4 1-2, six months 4 1-2. Close: Prime mercantile paper 5 to 5 1-2 per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers bill at 4.8380 to 4.84 for sixty day bills and at 4.8710 for demand. Commercial bills 4.83 1-4 to 4.83 3-4. Bar silver 52 5-8.

U. S. BONDS.

U. S. ref. 2s, registered	101
U. S. ref. 2s, coupon	101
U. S. 3s, registered	101 3-4
U. S. 4s, coupon	115
U. S. 4s, registered	114 1-2
U. S. 4s, coupon	115 1-2
Allis Chalmers 1st 5s	84 1-2
American Agricultural 5s	102
American Tel. & Tel. cv 4s	104 5-8
American Tobacco 4s	76 3-4
American Tobacco 6s	106
Armour & Co. 4 1-2s	94 1-2
Atchison gen. 4s	100 3-8
Atchison cv 4s	122
Atchison cv 5s	122 1-8
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	95
Baltimore & Ohio 4s	96
Baltimore & Ohio 3 1-2s	92 5-8
Baltimore & Ohio S. W. 3 1-2s	90
Brooklyn Transit cv 4s	86 7-8
Central of Georgia 5s	109
Central Leather 5s	99 1-4
Central R. R. of N. J. gen. 5s	124 1-2
Chesapeake & Ohio 4 1-2s	102 3-4
Chesapeake & Ohio ref. 5s	104 1-2
Chicago & Alton 3 1-2s	75
Chicago, B. & Q. joint 4s	96 1-2
Chicago, B. & Q. gen. 4s	96 7-8
Chicago, Mil. & St. P. gen. 3 1-2s	89 3-4
Chicago, R. I. & P. R. R. col. 4s	81 3-4
Chicago, R. I. & P. R. R. col. 5s	102 3-8
Chicago, R. I. & P. Ry. rfg. 4s	91 1-8
Colorado Industrial 5s	84
Colorado Midland 4s	81 3-8
Colo. & Southern ref. & ext. 4 1-2s	97 1-2
Delaware & Hudson cv. 4s	102
Denver & Rio Grande 4s	95 1-2
Denver & Rio Grande ref. 5s	94 1-2
Distillers 5s	74 1-2
Erie prior lien 4s	87
Erie Gen. 4s	76 1-8
Erie cv 4s series "A"	81 1-4
Erie cv 4s series "B"	72 3-4
General Electric cv 5s	147 1-4
Illinois Central 1st ref. 4s	99 1-2
Interborough Met. 4 1-2s	82 3-4
Inter. Merc. Marine 4 1-2s	71
Japan 4s	88 3-8
Japan 4 1-2	94 3-4
Kansas City Southern 1st 5s	72 3-4
Lake Shore deb. 4s (1931)	95 1-4
Louisville & Nash. Un. 4s	100 1-4
Missouri, Kan. & Texas 1st 4s	90 1-8
Mo., Kan. & Texas gen. 4 1-2s	90 1-4
Missouri Pacific 4s	81 3-4
National Rys. of Mexico 4 1-2s	94 7-8
New York Central gen. 3 1-2s	91 1-2
New York Central deb. 4s	95 1-2
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford cv. 6s	133 3-4
Norfolk & Western 1st con. 4s	98
Norfolk & Western cv 4s	101 3-4
Northern Pacific 4s	102
Northern Pacific 3s	73 1-2
Oregon Short Line rfdg 4s	94 1-2
Penn. cv 3 1-2s. (1915)	98 3-8
Penn. Con. 4s	104 1-2
Reading Gen. 4s	96 7-8
St. Louis & San Fran. rf. 4s	84 1-2
St. Louis & San Fran. gen. 5s	88 5-8
St. Louis S'western con. 4s	79 1-4
St. Louis S'western 1st gold 4s	93 3-8
Seaboard Air Line 4s	86
Southern Pacific col. 4s	91 5-8
Southern Pacific col. 4s	105 1-8
Southern P. R. R. 1st ref 4s	94 3-4
Southern Railway 5s	111 1-4
Southern Railway gen. 4s	81 1-4
Union Pacific 4s	100 7-8
Union Pacific cv 4s	114 5-8
Union Pacific 1st and ref. 4s	97 7-8
U. S. Rubber 6s	104 1-8
U. S. Steel 2nd 5s	105 1-8
Virginia Car. Chemical 5s	98 3-4
Wabash 1st 5s	112
Wabash 1st and ext. 4s	76 1-4
Western Md., 4s	85 3-4
Westinghouse Electric cv 5s	93
Wisconsin Central 4s	94 7-8

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Allis Chalmers pfd	34 1-4
Amalgamated Copper	86 3-4
American Agricultural	47 5-8
American Beet Sugar	46
American Can pfd	81 1-4
American Car & Foundry	71
American Cotton Oil	66 1-2
American Hide & Leather pfd	46 1-2
American Ice Securities	25
American Linseed	16 1-2
American Locomotive	30 1-2
American Smelting & Refng	100 1-4
Amer. Smelting & Ref'g pfd	111 1-4
American Sugar Refining	121 1-2
American Tel. & Tel.	140 1-8
[illegible] pfd	94 1-2
[illegible]	36
Anaconda Mining Co.	50 5-8
Atchison	121 1-8
Atchison pfd	103 3-8
Atlantic Coast Line	155 3-4
Baltimore & Ohio	117 1-4
Baltimore & Ohio pfd	92
Bethlehem Steel	33 1-8
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	78 1-2
Canadian Pacific	180 1-4
Central Leather	47
Central Leather pfd	108 1-2
Central of New Jersey	315
Chesapeake & Ohio	59 7-8
Chicago & Alton	66
Chicago Great Western	35 1-8
Chicago & Northwestern	178
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	155 3-8
C., C. C. & St. Louis	80
Colorado Fuel & Iron	47 3-4
Colorado & Southern	37 1-4
Colo. & Southern 1st pfd	81
Colo & Southern 2nd pfd	80
Consolidated Gas	137 3-4
Corn Products	22 5-8
Delaware & Hudson	181 1-2
Denver & Rio Grande	50
Denver & Rio Grande pfd	82 1-2
Distillers' Securities	36 1-2
Erie	33 1-4
Erie 1st pfd	50 3-4
Erie 2nd pfd	40 1-4
General Electric	159 1-2
Great Northern pfd	141 1-2
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	79
Illinois Central	146 1-4
Interborough Met	23 3-8
Interborough Met pfd	50 1-2
Inter Harvester	121
Inter Marine pfd	23 1-2
International Paper	15 1-2
International Pump	51 3-8
Iowa Central	28 3-4
Kansas City Southern	43
Kansas City Southern pfd	70
Louisville & Nashville	157 1-4
Minneapolis & St. Louis	54
Minn., St. P. & Sault St. M.	139 1-4
Missouri Pacific	70 7-8
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	29 1-8
Missouri, Kansas & Texas pfd	73 3-4
National Biscuit	135 1-2
National Lead	88
Nat'l Rys of Mexico 1st pfd	61 1-2
New York Central	122 7-8
New York, Ontario & Western	48 3-4
Norfolk & Western	98 1-2
North American	82 1-4
Northern Pacific	142 3-4
Pacific Mail	40 1-4
Pennsylvania	125
People's Gas	114 1-4
Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis	90 1-2
Pressed Steel Car	50 1-2
Pullman Palace Car	189
Railway Steel Spring	48 1-2
Reading	167 1-8
Republic Steel	44 1-2
Republic Steel pfd	103 3-4
Rock Island Co.	47 3-4
Rock Island Co. pfd	80
St. Louis & San Fran. 2nd pfd	57 1-2
St. Louis Southwestern	33 1-4
St. Louis Southwestern pfd	76 5-8
Sloss Sheffield Steel & Iron	85
Southern Pacific	125 1-2
Southern Railway	32 5-8
Southern Railway pfd	73 1-4
Tennessee Copper	39
Texas & Pacific	25 1-4
Toledo, St. Louis & West	23 1-4
Toledo, St. Louis & West. pfd	70 3-4
Union Pacific	200 1-2
Union Pacific pfd	102 1-2
United States Realty	82 1-2
United States Rubber	50
United States Steel	87
United States Steel pfd	123 7-8
Utah Copper	58 1-2
Virginia Carolina Chemical	53 1-2
Wabash	24 1-4
Wabash pfd	56 3-4
Western Maryland	50 3-4
Westinghouse Electric	81
Western Union	76 1-8
Wheeling & Lake Erie	9 1-4
Wisconsin Central	49
Standard Oil Co.	660

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Jan. 5.—Flour unchanged and about steady.

Rye Flour—Firm.

Buckwheat Flour—Nominal.

Buckwheat—Nominal.

Corn Meal—Firm.

Rye—Firm.

Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red 1.30 elevator, domestic and 1.29 fob afloat nominal; options closed at a net decline of 5-8 to 7-8. May 1.20 3-4.

Corn—Spot firm; No. 2, 70 1-2 elevator; domestic, 71 delivered and 69 1-2 fob afloat New York. Options closed unchanged. May 75 1-4.

Oats—Spot strong; mixed 48.

Lard—Firm.

Tollow and Petroleum—Steady.

Rice and Molasses—Quiet.

Sugar—Raw quiet; refined sugar steady.

Coffee—Futures closed steady, net 5 points higher to 5 points lower. Spot steady; Rio No. 7, 8 11-16 to 8 3-4; Santis No. 4, 9, mild quiet; Cordova 9 to 11 1-2.

Butter—Firm.

Cheese—Firmer, unchanged.

Eggs—Strong; state Pennsylvania and nearby hennery white, fancy 40 to 50; do gathered white 38 to 45; do hennery brown and mixed fancy 42 to 45; do gathered brown fair to prime 37 to 42.

Potatoes—Steady, unchanged.

Cabbages—Firm. Danish seed per ton 20.00 to 25.00.

Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.

The cotton seed oil market was firm early on the strength in lard and on buying by refiners, but lost most of the advance near the close under liquidation and on the big break in cotton. The close was unchanged to 8 points higher with sales of 13,400 barrels. January 7.50 to 7.58; March 7.56 to 7.59; May 7.59 to 7.60; July 7.63 to 7.65. Prime crude 6.47; prime summer yellow 7.55 to 7.58; prime winter yellow 7.60 to 8.30; prime summer white 7.71 to 7.99.

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—Wheat showed weakness here today. Corn also fell off. Oats evinced less change than the other grains while provisions were generally lower.

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
Wheat—			
May	1 14 1-8	1 14 5-8	1 13 3-4
July	1 03 1-4	1 03 3-4	1 03 1-8
Sept	99 3-8	99 3-4	99 1-8
Corn—			
May	67 1-2	67 3-4	67 1-4
July	67 7-8	68 1-8	67 5-8
Sept	67 7-8	68	67 1-2
Oats—			
May	46 1-2	47 5-8	47 1-8
July	44 1-2	45	44 1-2
Sept	41 3-4	42	41 5-8
Mess Pork, per bbl.—			
Jan.	21 85	22 10	21 80
May	22 10	22 15	21 90
July	22 15	22 17 1-2	21 95
Lard, per 100 lbs.—			
Jan.	12 80	12 80	12 60
May	12 15	12 17 1-2	12 07 1-2
July	12 1-2	12 12 1-2	12 02 1-2
Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.—			
Jan.	11 60	11 60	11 52 1-2
May	11 62 1-2	11 62 1-2	11 52 1-2
July	11 60	11 62 1-2	11 52 1-2

CHICAGO CASH GRAIN.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—No. 2 1.28 3-4; No. 3 red 1.20 to 1.26; No. 2 hard 1.16 to 1.17 1-2; No. 3 hard 1.10 to 1.15; No. 1 northern 1.16 1-2 to 1.17 1-2; No. 2 northern 1.14 to 1.16 1-2; No. 3 spring 1.10 to 1.15.

Corn—No. 3, 63 to 64 1-2; No. 3 white 63 1-2; No. 3 yellow 63 1-2; No. 4, 61 1-4; No. 4 yellow 61 3-4.

Oats—No. 2, 46 1-4; No. 3 white 46 to 47 1-2; No. 4 white 45 to 46 1-2; standard 47 to 47 1-2.

NAVAL STORES.

New York, Jan. 5.—Rosin steady, turpentine firm.

Charleston, S. C., Jan. 5.—Turpentine firm 56 1-4. Rosin firm. Quote: A, B, C, 4.00; D, 4.02 1-2; E, 4.10; F, 4.15; G, 4.17 1-2; H, 4.20; I, 4.55; K, 5.65; M, 5.90; N, 6.15; WG, 6.35; WW, 6.75.

Savannah, Jan. 5.—Turpentine firm 57; sales 225; receipts 326; shipments 44. Rosin firm; sales 2,944; receipts 1,700; shipments 100; stock 158,510. Quote: A, B, C, 4.05; D, 4.07 1-2; E, 4.12 1-2 to 4.15; F, 4.17 1-2; to 4.20; G, 4.22 1-2 to 4.25; H, 4.25 to 4.30; I, 4.55 to 4.60; K, 5.65; M, 5.90; N, 6.15; WG, 6.25; WW, 6.75.

MARINE

ARRIVED.

Str. City of Fayetteville, Smith, Fayetteville, C. P. Love.

CLEARED.

Schr. Lottie R. Russell, James, New York, C. D. Mafflt.

Br. str. Hyperia, Enos, Bremen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Exports—Coastwise.

New York—Schr. Lottie R. Russell, 241,000 feet of lumber, cargo by the Hammer Lumber Company; vessel by C. D. Mafflt.

Exports—Coastwise.

Bremen—Br. str. Hyperia, 15,301 bales of cotton, valued at $1,150,000, vessel and cargo by Alexander Sprunt & Son.

The cost of a Business Local is a small fee to pay for securing a good tenant.

BY RIVER AND RAIL

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 5, 1910.

W. & W. Railroad—110 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 12 barrels rosin.

W., C. & A. Railroad—18 barrels rosin, 3 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—11 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 4 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—10 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Str. Whitlock—9 casks spirits turpentine, 80 barrels rosin, 4 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—131 bales cotton, 23 casks spirits turpentine, 119 barrels rosin, 7 barrels tar, 6 barrels crude turpentine.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Kenley (Br.) 2,431 tons, Wilson, Walter Smallbones, Agent.

Schooners.

Rothesay (Br.) 280 tons, Phipps, New York, C. D. Mafflt.

Chas. J. Dumas, 695 tons, Curtis, C. D. Mafflt.

Blanche (Br.) 165 tons, Albury, Springer Coal Company.

Julia F. Cole, 419 tons Small, C. D. Mafflt.

MURPHY CALLS ON GAYNOR.

Leader of Tammany Had Conference With New Mayor.

New York, Jan. 4.—The Tammany Tiger took off his hat to William J. Gaynor again today. Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, called on New York's new Democratic mayor and he waited his turn in an anteroom just as others did. When he was received, he spent an hour in conference. Tammany has gotten pretty slim patronage at Judge Gaynor's hands, although without Tammany behind him he probably would never have been mayor of Greater New York—not on the Democratic ticket at any rate.

When Murphy left the mayor's office, he was besieged by interviewers.

"Did you meet the Mayor by appointment?" asked one.

"You will have to ask the Mayor," was his characteristic reply.

"Did you have a pleasant conversation with the Mayor?"

"Ask him about it, he is going to do all the talking."

"Did you get any encouragement from him?"

"Ask the Mayor."

"Do you expect any appointments?"

"Ask the Mayor." Here he walked away.

"You look to be happy and smiling," suggested one who followed.

"I always am," said Murphy.

Judge Gaynor discussed the Tammany leader's visit more freely. Their relations were cordial, as always, since he first met Charles F. Murphy a year ago. Mr. Murphy had called merely to offer congratulations; they had discussed no appointments, at least no names. Whether Mr. Murphy would call again he did not know. Incidentally this is Murphy's first visit to the city hall since he was commissioner of docks in the VanWyck administration.

This, the second official day of the new city administration, started off on business-like principles.

William A. Prendergast, the new Republican fusion comptroller, issued a sweeping order that "joy riding" in the municipal automobiles in all departments must cease at once. He announced in addition every employe of the city above the grade of laborer, excepting policemen, firemen and school teachers, must have time cards upon which will be recorded their comings and goings while on duty. In this way the comptroller hopes to ascertain just how much of New York's $80,000,000 salary list is earned.

THE STIEFF BANQUET.

Wilmington Man Won Prize for Largest Amount of Business.

(Norfolk Ledger-Dispatch.)

Thoroughly delightful was the annual banquet to the employes of Chas. M. Stieff's Norfolk branch held last night at the Lorraine hotel. Manager Leon C. Steele presided and a number of toasts were appropriately responded to. The menu was characteristic of the hotel and was heartily enjoyed.

A well arranged programme of orchestral music was rendered, interspersed with tenor solos by Ros. V. Steele. The Cosmos Club, which is composed of employes of the Stieff Norfolk branch, rendered the music, one number especially worthy of mention being "Our Girls," a stirring song composed by W. G. Butler, of the club. H. V. Evans, A. Beugdon and J. B. Gordon, of the club, rendered instrumental music in up-to-date style. About 40 of those connected with the company and their guests greatly enjoyed the evening.

At the close Manager Steele made a happy speech in which he presented two prizes, one for the largest amount of business done since September 4th, 1909, and one for the largest amount of cash business. Mr S. R. Coley, of Wilmington, N. C., won that for the largest amount of business, followed closely by Mr. J. Roy Saunders, of Norfolk, Va.

Mr. T. Foy Simmons, of Durham, N. C., won the prize for the largest amount of cash business, followed closely by Mr. George R. Keyser, of Norfolk, Va.

Mr. Steele has broken the record for 1909, and this was due to his excellent management and hearty support given him by his co-workers.

ROCK ISLAND STOCK BREAKS.

Caused by Report That Daniel Reid Would Retire and go Abroad.

New York, Jan. 5.—Reports of friction among the leading interests in the Rock Island Company, rumors that Daniel G. Reid was to go abroad and that he would retire from the board of directors of the United States Steel Corporation, caused a break of 7 1-4 points in the common stock of the road today and a decline of more than three points in the preferred stock.

The financial district has heard a great deal anent Rock Island since the sensational movement in the stock a fortnight ago, when it jumped from 50 to 81 and back again almost in a flash; and the matter is now the subject of investigation by the stock exchange authorities. More recent operations in that and allied securities have not served to allay the alarm then created.

Today's rumors had it that very serious differences had broken out between those who control the property, and an open breach was hinted at. These were denied in responsible quarters, but the enormous volume of Rock Island stock traded in—230,000 shares at steadily decreasing values—caused many misgivings, the more so since much of the selling seemed to emanate from Rock Island brokers. Another factor was the failure of the directors to act on the preferred stock dividend at their meeting yesterday. This stock has paid no dividends in several years.

Reports that Reid, one of the most prominent of the Rock Island group, contemplated an early departure for Europe were denied at his office, but no other details concerning Mr. Reid's plans were vouchsafed.

TIGER BOND FORFEITED.

Edgecombe Citizen May Have to Pay —Another Court Case.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Rocky Mount, N. C., Jan. 5.—Indications are that Mr. J. B. Bradley of Edgecombe, will have to pay a bond of $300 put up some time ago for one Will Battle, a negro barber, charged with "tigering." Bond was for appearance before the Recorder, but before the case was called officers got after Battle on other counts and he skipped the place. Ten days were given the bondsman to show cause, but he was unable to produce the defendant in court and judgment was given against him. Mr. Bradley holds a mortgage on property of the missing defendant and is collecting it through the courts in Edgecombe.

Mr. Henry Rose, an aged man, whose name has frequently figured on the police records of this city for the past 20 years, was brought here today from the Recorder in Nash county to serve 60 days on the roads of Rocky Mount district for forcible trespass.

During December there were 16 deaths in the city, 12 whites and four colored. Tuberculosis claimed but two while the previous report shows nearly one-third of the deaths from this cause, principally among the negroes.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 4.—Restoration of the Colonial Capitol at Williamsburg was the subject of a special report tonight at the annual meeting of the Association for the Preservation of Virginia antiquities. It was recommended that the William and Mary Chapter of Phi Beta Kappa be requested to become a committee for promoting interest in the erection of the building.

IT SAVES YOU MONEY.

The special half price sale of Dr. Howard's specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia by J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., means the saving of a few dollars on every family's yearly bill for medicines.

Each 50 cent bottle (Mr. J. Hicks Bunting sells it for 25c), contains sixty doses of a medicine that is pleasant to take and which can be depended upon to cure the worst case of constipation, dyspepsia or liver trouble. Mr. J. Hicks Bunting has so much faith in the superior merit of this medicine that he says: "If Dr. Howard's specific does not cure you, come back to our store and we will return your money."

This remedy is not an ordinary medicine. It is the favorite formula of a well known physician, and has the endorsement of hundreds of physicians of eminence in their profession, who prescribe it in all cases of constipation, dyspepsia or liver trouble, knowing from experience that it will make a complete and lasting cure.

A Wild Blizzard Raging

brings danger, suffering—often death—to thousands, who take colds, coughs and lagrippe—that terror of Winter and Spring. Its danger signals are 'stuffed up" nostrils, lower part of nose sore, chills and fever, pain in back of head, and a throat-gripping cough. When Grip attacks, as you value your life, don't delay getting Dr. King's New Discovery. "One bottel cured me," writes A. L. Dunn, of Pine Valley, Miss., "after being laid up three weeks with Grip." For sore lungs, Hemorrhages, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, its supreme. 50c. $1.00. Guaranteed by Robert R. Bellamy.

Plant Wood's Seeds

For Superior Crops

Wood's 30th Annual Seed Book

is one of the most useful and complete seed catalogues issued. It gives practical information about the best and most profitable seeds to plant for

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T. W. WOOD & SONS,
Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

We are headquarters for Grass and Clover Seeds, Seed Potatoes, Seed Oats, Cow Peas, Soja Beans, and all Farm and Garden Seeds.

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MOTOR BOAT & YACHT SUPPLIES

Send for Catalogue and Save Money.

119 Chambers St., New York.

WHY NOT TRY?
POPHAM'S
ASTHMA REMEDY

Gives prompt and positive relief in every case. Sold by druggists, price $1.00. Trial package by mail 10 cents.

WILLIAMS' M'F'G. CO., Props.
CLEVELAND, O.
Sold by R. R. Bellamy

CHANGE OF PROGRAMME DAILY.

BIJOU

NEVER OUT! NEVER SOLD!

5 Cents.

STORM DAMAGED GOODS

On Sale

--at--

GAYLORD'S

2,000 yards American Wash Prints, 7c goods, will sell for.....4c

800 yards best quality in Foulards, 25c goods, will sell for.....18c

500 yards high grade Percales, 15c goods will sell for.....9c

600 yards Checked Nainsook, 15c goods, selling at.....5c

These goods were aboard the New York steamer during the Christmas storm and were slightly damaged by water. We purchased them at a low rate and are selling at the same rates

You can also pick up many excellent Bargains in our store this week as we are cleaning up all small lots preparatory to taking stock.

GAYLORD'S

BIG DEPARTMENT STORE
210, 212, 214 N. FRONT ST.

ja 2 tf

To Our Friends and Patrons:

We Wish You All a Happy and Prosperous New Year!

J. W. Fleet Co.

Phone 673. So. W. Corner Front and Princess Sts.

ja 2 tf

We Are After the Men

who want good looking, durable and stylish Shoes at moderate prices. We'll just put it mildly and say that We've the best $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes this country produces.

In Pat. Kid, Gunmetal and Vici.

$3.50 and $4.00

HEWLETT & PRICE
109 MARKET ST.

Cattle Food

Peanut Cake and Meal. Finest food obtainable for cattle and hogs. Better than corn, corn chops, meal or wheat bran. Manufactured and sold by

Universal Oil and Fertilizer Co.
Wilmington, N. C.

de 14 tf

THE WEATHER

U. S. Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 6, 1910.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M. Wednesday, Jan. 5th:

Temperature at 8 A. M. 36 degrees; 8 P. M. 46 degrees; maximum 50 degrees; minimum 32 degrees; mean 41 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; for the month, .00 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. Tuesday 3 1-2 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Rain Thursday, warmer in central portion; Friday rain or snow and colder; increasing northeast and north winds shifting to northwest by Thursday night.

Storm Warning.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Advisory storm warning 9:30 P. M. Storm over Louisiana moving northeast. Will cause increasing easterly, shifting to high northwest winds by Thursday night on south Atlantic coast.

Port Calendar

Sun Rises.....7:12 A. M.
Sun Sets.....5:18 P. M.
Day's Length.....9 hrs. 50 min.
High water at Southport 4:37 P. M.
High water at Wilmington 7:37 P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Crystal Palace—All New.
Sol Bear & Co.—Native Wines.
Orient Lodge, A. F. & A. M.—C. C. Brown.

Business Locals.

Strayed—Jersey Cow.
Palace Market—Dressed Chickens.
Wanted—Rooms for Light Housekeeping.

HERMANN'S BASEBALL REPORT.

Featured Annual Meeting of National Baseball Commission.

Cincinnati, Jan. 5.—A straight declaration against "syndicate baseball" in the report of August Herrmann, chairman of the National Baseball Commission, was the feature of the annual meeting of that body today. Several decisions were handed down after adjournment.

The initial appearance of Thomas J. Lynch, president of the National League as a member of the commission, was made the excuse for turning the meeting into something of a festal occasion. Tonight he was the guest of honor at a dinner given by Chairman Herrmann and President Johnson, of the American League.

William Murray's statement of his claim against the Philadelphia National League Club was not made public. He asserted that he has a contract calling for his services as manager until after the season of 1911, but that the new management of the club refused to carry out the agreement.

The commission decided that the case did not belong to its jurisdiction and referred it through President Lynch to the board of directors of the National League.

Another finding declared that players of the California State League, the "outlaw" organization which recently subscribed to the National agreement must make personal application for restoration to good standing. This ruling followed a hearing by which Outfielder "Happy" Smith, of the Oakland Club, was awarded to the Chicago Nationals.

The Waco club must within five days pay the draft price for Pitcher Holmes, formerly of the New York Nationals.

The application of the New York American League club for a re-hearing in the case of Player Savage, of Waterbury, Conn., was denied.

August Herrmann was re-elected chairman and John E. Bruce was again chosen secretary, following the reading of the reports by these officials.

Chairman Herrmann in his official report warned club owners against permitting syndicate baseball. If it is attempted, he said, no matter in what league or in what city, prompt action to suppress it must be taken not only by the National commission, but by everyone interested in the perpetuation of the National game.

He reviewed the work of the Commission for 1909 showing that 126 findings, rulings and notices had been issued. This represented an increase of 200 per cent. over the first year of the Commission's existence.

WHEREABOUTS OF DR. COOK.

His Sister Refuses to Tell Lonsdale—Mrs. Dudley's Statement.

New York, Jan. 5.—Another member of the Cook family, this time Mrs. Josephine Dudley, a sister of the discredited explorer's wife—made a statement tonight. Mrs. Dudley says Dr. Cook is a nervous wreck, unable to think consecutively, and that the reason he remains in hiding is that he could not stand the strain of further controversy.

"We are praying," says Mrs. Dudley, "that he will soon recover, so that he may come forward and defend himself. Mrs. Cook is at her husband's side. She loves him and trusts him. There has been no quarrel; there never was any trouble between them about money."

Mrs. Dudley received a message today, she said, from Walter Lonsdale, Dr. Cook's secretary, dated Copenhagen and reading as follows:

"Cable Fred's address at once. All important. Must see him now."

Mrs. Dudley has not answered the message yet because she fears it might be a trap. The doctor has had a disheartening relapse, she said, and it is important that his seclusion shall not be disturbed. She says she is aware of the doctor's whereabouts, but will not even specify whether he is in this country or abroad.

VIRGINIA'S FOOTBALL RULES

Will Play The Game According to Suggestions of Walter Camp.

Charlottesville, Va., Jan. 5.—Experimental changes in football rules, suggested by Walter Camp, which may help to determine the future status of the game in America, will be made by the University of Virginia. The Virginia institution has agreed to Mr. Camp's suggestion, contained in a letter to Dr. William A. Lambeth, of the University, and a member of the rules committee, that Virginia's first and second teams try out the proposed changes. Captain Yancey approves the changes.

AFFAIRS IN STATE

(Continued From Page One.)

officials and clerks will be necessary to keep down the accumulation of funds so that it will show revenue on interstate commerce proving the act unconstitutional under the pending suit testing constitutionality now pending in the United States Supreme Court.

In spite of $500,000 expended the past three years in enlargement of the State hospitals for the insane, the State Board of Charities today insisted in a report to the Governor that the hospitals and epileptic colonies are entirely inadequate and it is necessary to enlarge the Morganton and Raleigh hospitals to still further, 1,500 capacity each, provide a $50,000 building at Morganton for the observation and treatment of acute cases; establish an epileptic colony system entirely separate from other State institutions, using for insane patients the new colony buildings just being opened here for epileptics; also that they must have more room at Goldsboro. The board asks authority to employ a "visitor" to devote time to visiting the institutions, and to report in detail to the Board of Charities, also that a State Board of Supervisors be created to have supervision of county convict camps. W. A. Blair, of Winston-Salem, is chairman of the board.

KNOX LETTER TO POWERS.

Suggesting That Jurisdiction of Prize Court be Extended.

Washington, Jan. 5.—With a view of making international arbitration judicial in fact as well as in theory, Secretary Knox has addressed a circular note to the powers, proposing that the jurisdiction of the International Prize Court, authorized in 1907 by The Hague Peace Conference be extended so as to make it a court of arbitral justice. This note was dated October 18th, 1909. No responses have been received. A statement explaining the contents of the note and the reasons a proposal was made was given out tonight by Secretary Knox.

The International Prize Court was to be composed of 15 judges, eight of whom were to be chosen from the larger maritime countries, Germany, Austria-Hungary, France, Great Britain, Italy, Japan and the United States and were to serve six years. The other judges to be chosen from the remaining nations, and were to sit for a longer or a shorter period, as determined by the maritime standing of their respective countries.

In his statement Secretary Knox explains his reason for suggesting that the jurisdiction of the prize court be extended. He says in part: "The advantage of investing the prize court with the functions of a court of arbitral justice needs no argument because it is obviously easier to utilize an existing body than to create a new institution, and as the judges of the prize court may necessarily be versed in international law, they could well be entrusted with any question susceptible of arbitration. The proposition has the very great advantage of providing the nations with a permanent court of arbitration for the peaceful settlement of controversies in times of peace; whereas the prize court as such, presupposes a state of war, for without war the capture of property is illegal.

"Utilizing the method of composition of the prize court by thus investing it with the jurisdiction and functions of a court of arbitral justice would constitute this latter tribunal and the world would thus have for the states freely consenting to and accepting the proposition, one international judiciary to adjudge cases arising in peace as well as controversies springing from war."

TAFT SENDS NOMINATIONS

Members of the New Court of Customs Appeals to Senate.

Washington, Jan. 5.—President Taft today sent to the Senate the nominations of members of the new court of customs appeals authorized under the Payne tariff law.

To be presiding judge, Alfred C. Coxe, at present United States Circuit Judge for the Second Circuit.

To be associate judges: William H. Hunt, at present United States judge for the District of Montana.

James F. Smith, formerly Governor General of the Philippine Islands, former judge of the Supreme Court of the Philippines and former collector of customs in the Philippines.

O. M. Barber, of Vermont, a prominent lawyer, of that State.

Marion Devries, at present chairman of the board of general appraisers, at New York.

Among those nominated to be consults general were: Robert Brent Mosher, of District of Columbia at Hankow, China; William H. Gale, of Virginia, at Athens, Greece.

To be consuls: Lewis W. Haskell, of South Carolina, at Salina Cruz, Mexico; Jesse H. Johnson, of Texas, at Matamoros, Mexico.

Alexander W. Wendell, of Virginia, at Zanzibar, Zanzibar.

To be United States Attorney for the Northern District of West Virginia: H. Roy Waugh.

To be United States Marshals: Jas. E. Doyle—for the Northern district of West Virginia; Frank H. Tyree—for the Southern district of West Virginia.

Postmasters: Alabama: Prelate D. Baker, Mobile; James B. Washington Tuskegee Institute.

Tennessee—William S. Raulston, Chattanooga; Andrew W. Willis, Nashville.

Virginia—John B. Kimberley, Fortress Monroe.

TOY PISTOL VICTIMS.

Tetanus Followed Wounds Received During Holidays at Newbern.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Newbern, N. C., Jan. 5.—Lockjaw claimed two victims here today, the result of toy pistols at Xmas. Ed Styron, white, aged 13, son of William Styron, an employe of the city, received a wound in his hand on Xmas eve by the discharge of a toy pistol, loaded with a blank cartridge in his pocket. Little attention was paid to the wound for several days. A doctor was called in when too late and did all he could, but the disease had gone too far and death resulted this morning.

Arthur Idlette, colored, aged 8, also wounded by a blank cartridge, was the second victim. Both were buried today.

NEGRO CENSUS ENUMERATORS

Will Not Attempt to Take Census of White People in the South.

Washington, Jan. 5.—The appointment of negro census enumerators in the South was discussed with President Taft today by Representative Bartlett and Hardwick, of Georgia. The announcement of Census Director Durand that negro enumerators would be employed to take the census of negroes in the South took the Southerners to the White House.

President Taft assured his callers that so far as he controlled the situation, and he thought he knew what he was talking about, no negro census enumerator would attempt to take a census of white people in the South. He explained that it was the belief of the census authorities that negroes would be more effective in securing data regarding negroes in the South than white people, particularly in census districts largely populated by negroes.

The President assurances were satisfactory to the Southern callers, although they expressed the opinion that the policy of the census authorities would be a failure so far as the South at large was concerned. They have been informed that where the negro population largely predominates negro census enumerators will be used and that while enumerators will follow in the same district entailing double work and double expense to a large extent. In the country districts, it is pointed out, there would be much loss of time in sending both white and colored enumerators into the same districts. It is admitted by the Southerners that the plan may work in the large cities of the South, and in portions of the South, and in portions of the country densely populated by negroes, as in some parts of South Carolina and Mississippi.

TOBACCO TRUST ARGUMENT

Attorneys Representing Government and Companies Spoke Yesterday.

Washington, Jan. 5.—The attorneys representing the tobacco interests monopolized the attention of the Supreme Court today with argument in connection with the government proceeding against the American Tobacco Company and allied interests.

After Mr. Nicol had concluded his plea in behalf of the company the court was addressed by J. G. Johnson, of Philadelphia, who also spoke for the American company. William B. Hornblower, of New York, appeared in behalf of the Imperial company, offering the Britain and S. M. Stoock, of New York, in the interest of the United Cigar Stores Company.

The Imperial and the cigar companies were exempted from the verdict of the trial court, but the government has asked the Supreme Court to reverse that judgment. As a consequence those companies were allowed especial representation in the hearing before the Supreme Court.

The argument in the case will be completed tomorrow, when Attorney General Wickersham will be heard.

SHARP DECLINE IN COTTON

Caused Some Excitement on the New Orleans Cotton Exchange.

New Orleans, Jan. 5.—One of the most sensational declines ever seen in the local cotton exchange took place this afternoon when within less than an hours trading, there was a break of 76 to 84 points, or about $4 a bale, in active deliveries.

The decline came without warning. Around the middle of the session prices seemed inclined upward and actually made an advance of 6 to 10 points over yesterday's closing. From this level there was a perpendicular drop amid the wildest excitement and extremely heavy trading, in which holders of long cotton were closed out by the score.

Selling by bearish interests in New York and Liverpool served to start the decline, and weakness in Wall street and the unsettled condition of English politics brought it to a climax. As the decline progressed stop loss orders on the long side were caught, adding to the great volume of offerings.

GOLDSBORO TO HAVE BALL.

Athletic Association Re-organized for Coming Season.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Goldsboro, N. C., Jan. 5.—That Goldsboro is again to have baseball next season is a cause of general rejoicing in the community. The Goldsboro Athletic Association has elected the following officers for the ensuing season: Messrs. W. D. Creech, president; Lionel Weil, vice president; E. B. Lee, secretary, and George S. Dewey, league representative. The playing manager of the club will be Mr. Kelly, who played second base for the Giants during the latter part of last season.

At the regular monthly meeting of the city Aldermen Tuesday night the board declined to pay the items of $50 and $25 in the bill filed by the former city attorney, Mr. J. L. Borham, and allowed the item of $1.58, the amount due on his salary at the time of his resignation. Mr. D. C. Humphrey was unanimously elected to succeed Mr. Borham as city attorney.

CHILDREN may safely be allowed to eat more candy—if it is NUNNALLY'S. Made of the finest materials, absolutely pure, in candy-kitchens where care and cleanliness are perfect. The result is several hundred kinds of candy, each of which is a wholesome product of Nature's own materials.

Nunnally's

A fresh supply always kept by J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.

"None Like Nunnally's."

MANCHURIAN PROBLEM.

United States Proposes a Solution to the Russians.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 5.—The Russian foreign office has received a memorandum from the United States government, proposing as a solution for the Manchurian problem, the neutralization of the railroads in Manchuria by their sale to China, financed by an international syndicate. The United States invites Russian participation in such a scheme. The supervision of the railroads would be placed thereby in the hands of the powers responsible for the financial arrangements, who would see that the lines were conducted on a purely business basis and not used for political or strategic purposes.

In October last, when a meeting was arranged at Harbon between M. Kokovsoff, the Russian minister of finance and Prince Ito, President of the privy council, of Japan, the sale of the Russian railroad interests in Manchurian territory was being seriously considered.

The present plan differs from that proposal by including the Japanese, as well as the Russian sections of the Harbin and Dalny railroad. Its success is dependent upon Japan's assent.

The advantages of such an arrangement from the viewpoint of international relations are believed to be many. It would remove a constant source of friction between Russia and Japan. The doctrine of equal opportunity would be safeguarded by the powers, and, by the closing of the line to the transport of troops and munitions, Russia's anxiety with reference to a Japanese attack upon Siberia would be relieved.

Russia however is not willing to accept the suggestion of the United States government without giving the subject the most careful study.

The American memorandum further announces that a syndicate composed of Americans and Englishmen has secured concession for the construction of a railroad from Aigun, in northern Manchuria, to Chin Chow Fu, and that the British and American governments intend to support it diplomatically. This part of the memorandum has been received less favorably by Russia.

VIRGINIA DEMOCRATS.

Sub-Committee of State Committee Draft a Measure.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 5.—The sub committee of the State Democratic committee appointed to draft a measure, legalizing and lessening the expenses of primaries, tonight adopted a bill which will be introduced in the official party measure. It provides in General Assembly as practically the as follows:

Primaries are made optional with parties. The primary elections are placed under protection of regular State election laws. Fees of election officers are to be paid by county or city.

Parties may hold nominating conventions, to which delegates may be elected by primaries, under the protection of law.

Newspapers must mark political matter as "Advertisement" but need not publish the names of persons paying for same.

Making Life Safer.

Everywhere life is being made more safe through the work of Dr. King's New Life Pills in Constipation, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver troubles, Kidney Diseases and Bowel Disorders. They're easy, but sure, and perfectly build up the health. 25c. at Robert R. Bellamy's.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A. D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Co., or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. calls. For this service call Western Union, 'Phone No. 2. But for advertisements always call the Star office No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

W. M. CUMMING rents and sells real estate. ja 6 3t

IF YOU WANT a nice home we have it—and at the right price. Corner lot, new house, modern in every respect. Ten rooms, sewerage, electric lights, granolithic sidewalks and everything the northeast corner of Second and Church streets. Best inquire about the price—and the terms will aid you. J G. Wright & Son., sole agents, 124 Princess street. ja 6 2t

DRESSED CHICKENS. Turkeys and geese, best of fancy meats, fruits and vegetables. Come to see us. We try to please. Palace Market, Phone 72. ja 6 tf

WANTED—Four or five rooms for light housekeeping. North of Campbell street. Address "Rooms" care of Star. ja 6 1t

STRAYED—Large Jersey milch cow, no horns. Information leading to recovery rewarded. This office. ja 6 tf

MILL SUPERINTENDENT with 20 years experience, wants position. Practical all-around mill wright and machinist. Best references. Apply "N. R. D." care Star. ja 1 eod 6t

WANTED—Ambitious young man to become traveling salesman. Experience unnecessary. Bradstreet System, Dept. No. 577, Rochester, N. Y. ja 2 4 6 3t

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY—The right man with some capital can secure control of a permanent commercial proposition without competition that will produce a net revenue in excess of $5,000 per year. Wilmington headquarters. For interview address "Commercial" care Morning Star. ja 5 3t*

FOR SALE, the valuable property on Princess street until recently known as the "Star Building." Four floors including basement. Size of lot, 58 1-4x65 feet, and includes half of the wide alley adjoining building on West. Only 66 feet from the site of the new Customs House. Address Wm. B. Bernard, Fayetteville, N. C. ja 5 tf

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

FOR RENT—To gentlemen, a large furnished room, southwestern exposure. Apply 215 Grace street. 'Phone 295. ja 5 tf

FOR SALE—That large house, 716 Market street, same to be moved within 60 days after date of purchase. W. E. Perdew. ja 5 3t*

CAROLINA HEIGHTS and a corner lot of 100 feet frontage on Princess street and 115 feet on 17th street with a 15 foot alley in the rear. The lot on the southeast corner by the big old oak tree. Just the place you have wanted, delays are dangerous, the price is right and will be sold this week. J. G. Wright & Son are the agents. ja 5 2t

BARBER WANTED at the Columbus Hotel, Whiteville, N. C., to rent shop or work on commission. ja 5 2t*

LEARN TO DANCE—Private lessons in dancing on Monday and Thursday nights at 8:30 o'clock. Competent teachers and strictly private. Kneisel's Academy of Dancing, Masonic Temple. ja 4 1m

HORSES FOR SALE—If you want one or more good horses at especially attractive prices, address R. C. Cool, Southport, N. C. ja 4 6t*

NOTICE TO MY FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC—I am back at the same old stand where I will appreciate your patronage. Come all. 121 and 123 Princess street. D. L. T. Capps. ja 2 tf

I WILL TRY to please all with the best of Cigars, tobacco, cigarettes, near beer and cold drinks. Seven pool tables running at 2 1-2 cents per cue. D. L. T. Capps. ja 2 tf

FOR RENT—That large and desirable store, Northeast corner Third and Castle streets, suitable for first-class grocery or drug store. Formerly occupied by Carpenter & Miller. Possession given on or about January 10th 1910. J. G. Wright & Son, No. 124 Princess street. ja 1 1w

SHIP ME your eggs, poultry, hams, hides, beeswax and any kind of produce. Will pay highest market prices and make prompt returns. N. C. Hams a specialty. C. B. Bellois, 16 North Second street. 'Phone 1576. de 12 tf

LOST MONEY LOUISE—In days gone by but now I'm wise. I've found where and how to make money by shipping my raw furs, hides, tallow, wool, beeswax, worm seed, produce etc., to C. D. Gilbert & Bro., 212 Market street. de 7 tf

PHOTOGRAPHS — Enlargements, copying, framing, viewing and fine photographic work of every description. At the U. C. Ellis Studio. no 18 tf

MONEY TO LOAN on diamonds and revolvers, shot guns and anything of value at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, 108 Market street. ja 1 tf

KEEP YOUR EYE on our show case. The display will be changed frequently. Every time we change it will be better. The Gem Studio, Foltz & Kendrick, 114 Market street. no 27 tf.

SULTANA OLIVE OIL—Mr. Vafiadi, the Sultana agent here, has arranged to have this oil distributed in the future by Hall's drug store, Fifth and Castle. Pints 50c. Quarts $1.00. Phone orders filled promptly. no 4 tf

SWEET WEST INDIA oranges, the best the earth produces, $10.00 per thousand; $3.25 per hundred, at British schooner Blanche, lying at Springer Coal Company's wharves, foot of Chesnut street. J. T. Albury, master. de 17 tf

QUAIL ON TOAST. Lynnhaven Bay Oysters and all other delicacies of the season with the usual substantials that go to make up a first class bill of fare at any cafe. The Junction Restaurant, "Just at the Corner," convenient to all trains, suburban line, etc. Open day and night, Sundays too. no 30 tf

FOR RENT—That desirable seven-room cottage No. 713 Chesnut street. All modern conveniences. Apply on premises or 315 South Fifth street. de 19 tf

ORIENT LODGE NO. 305, A. F. & A. M. Regular monthly communication this (Thursday) evening at 8 o'clock. A full and prompt attendance is desired. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.

By order of the W. M.
C. C. BROWN,
Secretary.
Ja 6 1t

ALL NEW ACTS TODAY
Crystal Palace
First Performance This Afternoon.

ACADEMY
SCHLOSS THEATRE CIRCUIT
THURSDAY, JANUARY 6TH.
Joseph Brooks Presents.
Lillian Russell
In a Comedy
"THE FIRST NIGHT."
By George V. Hobart.
Prices $2.00, $1.50, $1.00, 75c, and 50c. Seats on sale at the Palace Wednesday. Free list entirely suspended.
ja 4 3t

For Sale
1 Good Mule
$200.00
Cash or Acceptable Paper.
W. B. Cooper,
Wilmington, N. C.
ja 2 tf

NO MAN
Can place a limit on your possibilities but-a growing bank account will increase them.
THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK
WILMINGTON, N. C.
ja 4 tf

THE
Springer Coal CO.
wishes to announce that they are better prepared this season than ever to supply
Coal AND Wood
of the highest grades
Our stocks and our equipment warrant us in promising the public everything they require in our line.
THE SPRINGER COAL COMPANY

J. M. Solky & Co.
—SPECIAL SALE—
One lot of odds and ends of Men's colored Top Shirts, Soft and Stiff bosom. Real value of this lot of Shirts $1 and $1.50 each, Reduced to
75c.
They must go. Get your size before they are picked over.
J. M. SOLKY & CO.
Masonic Temple. Phone 617.
ja 2 tf

This Week
All Coat Suits and Furs will be sold at cost.
NEW ARRIVALS
On display this week, Ginghams, Percales and Calicoes. Beautiful Table Linens.
Agent for Black Cat Hosiery, American Lady Corsets and Butterick's Patterns.
Out-of-town orders will receive prompt attention.
A. D. BROWN
ja 2 tf

The Southern National Bank
Opposite Postoffice. Organized 1905.
Capital.....$ 200,000.00
Surplus and Profits.....145,000.00
Total Assets.....2,225.000.00
MATT J. HEYER, President,
CHAS. N. EVANS, Cashier.